

AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS, IRELAND.

TABLES

SHOWING THE

EXTENT IN STATUTE ACRES

AND THE

PRODUCE OF THE CROPS

FOR THE YEAR

1882;

WITH

OBSERVATIONS

OF THE

SUB-INSPECTORS OF THE ROYAL IRISH CONSTABULARY AND OF THE
INSPECTORS OF THE METROPOLITAN POLICE,
WHO ACTED AS SUPERINTENDENTS OF THE AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS.

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of Her Majesty.



DUBLIN:

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1882.

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AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS, IRELAND, 1882.

THE EXTENT IN STATUTE ACRES AND THE PRODUCE OF THE CROPS :

WITH OBSERVATIONS

OF THE

SUB-INSPECTORS OF THE ROYAL IRISH CONSTABULARY AND OF THE INSPECTORS
OF THE METROPOLITAN POLICE,

WHO ACTED AS SUPERINTENDENTS OF THE AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS, OF THE YEAR 1882.

TO HIS EXCELLENCY, JOHN POYNTZ, EARL SPENCER, K.G.

LORD LIEUTENANT-GENERAL AND CHIEF GOVERNOR OF IRELAND,

do. do. do.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY,

I have the honour to lay before your Excellency the accompanying tables, concerning Agricultural Operations in Ireland during the year 1882, together with an Abstract of the results of the harvest.

The table of acreage under crops published in the General Abstract, submitted to your Excellency in Autumn, has been carefully revised, so that the Statistics contained in this Report are as accurate as such figures can be expected to be considering the special difficulties which attended the collection of information in remote districts of the South and West of Ireland during the present year.

I regret to say that the Statistics from some districts are still incomplete, but these deficiencies do not appreciably influence any of the general facts from which important inferences may be drawn concerning the general state of agriculture during the year.

The harvest of 1882 has, I regret to say, proved an unfavourable one. It has not, however, approached in unfavourableness that of 1879, nor has it been as unfavourable as that of 1872, which next to the year 1879 was the most unfavourable harvest during the past twenty years. The general result of the harvest approaches more nearly that for 1877, than any year in comparatively recent times. It is in contrast with the results of the favourable years 1880 and 1881, that the harvest of 1882 seems so exceptionally unfavourable.

This is best illustrated by Table IV. regarding the estimated relative value of the harvest.

The acreage under crops in 1882 compared with 1881, shows, in cereal crops, an increase in oats of 8,995 acres, and a decrease in wheat of 970 acres, and in barley of 22,839 acres. In green crops—potatoes decreased by 17,375 acres, turnips by 1,142 acres, and mangel wurzel by 8,523 acres. In other crops—flax decreased by 33,661 acres and hay by 38,877 acres. Compared with the average acreage for the ten years 1872–1881 there is a decrease in all the principal crops except hay which increased by 55,469 acres. Wheat shows a decrease of 8,463 acres, oats of 63,706 acres, and barley of 39,513 acres. Potatoes decreased by 42,830 acres, turnips by 34,185 acres, mangel wurzel by 7,175 acres, and flax by 12,587 acres.

The only crops which show an increased average rate of produce per acre in 1882, compared with 1881, are—rye by 0·4 cwt., and hay by 0·1 ton. The yield of wheat decreased by 1·3 cwt., oats by 1·0 cwt., barley by 1·1 cwt., potatoes by 1·6 ton, turnips by 1·4 ton, mangel wurzel by 1·5 ton, and flax by 1·7 stonae. The average rate in 1882, compared with the average rate for the ten years 1872–1881, shows a decrease in each case except flax which increased by 0·2 stone, and hay which increased by 0·1 ton. The rate for wheat and oats decreased by 0·2 cwt., and barley by 1·4 cwt. The average rate for potatoes decreased by 0·7 ton, for turnips by 1·0 ton, and for mangel wurzel by 1·5 ton.

The produce in 1882, as compared with 1881, shows, in cereal crops, a decrease in wheat of 221,691 cwts., in oats of 1,416,579 cwts., in barley of 573,702 cwts., and in bere of 1,628 cwts.; there is an increase of 4,457 cwts. in rye. In green crops—potatoes decreased by 1,439,229 tons, turnips by 428,585 tons, mangel wurzel by 168,714 tons, and flax by 7,710 tons, hay increased by 125,328 tons.

The produce in 1882, compared with the average produce of the ten years, 1872-1881, shows, in cereal crops, a decrease in wheat of 153,500 cwts., in oats of 1,108,453 cwts., in barley of 892,312 cwts., in bere of 5,729 cwts., and in rye of 19,697 cwts. In other crops in 1882, as compared with the average, there is a decrease in potatoes of 758,143 tons, in turnips of 717,949 tons, in mangel wurzel of 147,631 tons, and in flax of 1,572 tons. In hay there is an increase of 294,340 tons.

TABLE I.—Showing the average yearly Extent of Land under Crops in the ten years, 1872-81; the extent in 1881 and 1882; the Increase or Decrease in the extent under each crop in 1882 compared with 1881; and the extent in 1882 above or below the average for the ten years 1872-81.

Crops.	Average yearly extent in the ten years, 1872-1881.	Extent in 1881.	Extent in 1882.	Increase or Decrease in 1882 compared with 1881.		Extent in 1882, compared with the average extent of the ten years 1872-1881.	
				Increase.	Decrease.	Above.	Below.
	Statute Acres.	Statute Acres.	Statute Acres.	Statute Acres.	Statute Acres.	Statute Acres.	Statute Acres.
Wheat, ...	161,587	153,794	152,824	.	970	.	8,453
Oats, ...	1,460,913	1,383,312	1,367,307	3,996	.	.	62,706
Barley, ...	226,767	210,093	187,254	.	22,839	.	39,513
Bere and Rye, ...	9,658	8,062	8,136	74	.	.	1,522
Potatoes, ...	895,748	835,293	837,918	.	17,375	.	42,830
Turnips, ...	338,955	295,313	294,070	.	1,143	.	34,185
Mangel Wurzel and Beet Root, ...	45,491	44,838	36,316	.	8,523	.	7,175
Flax, ...	120,021	147,145	113,484	.	33,661	.	12,537
Hay, ...	1,955,643	2,001,029	1,982,152	.	38,877	55,400	.

Tables showing the extent under Crops by Counties and Provinces, and by Poor Law Unions, will be found at pp. 8, 12. Tables showing the produce of the Crops by Counties and Provinces, and by Poor Law Unions, at pp. 10, 16.

TABLE II.—Showing the Average Rate of Produce per Acre for the 10 years 1872-1881, the Average Rate for 1881 and 1882; the Increase or Decrease in the Rate for each crop in 1882 compared with 1881, and the Rate in 1882 compared with the Average Rate for the 10 years 1872-1881.

Crops.	Average Rate of Produce per acre for the 10 years 1872-1881.	Average Rate of Produce per acre in 1881.	Average Rate of Produce per acre in 1882.	Increase or Decrease in 1882 compared with 1881.		Rate of Produce in 1882 compared with average Rate of the 10 years 1872-1881.	
				Increase.	Decrease.	Above.	Below.
Wheat, in Cwts.	13.6	14.0	13.6	.	1.3	.	0.2
Oats, "	13.3	14.1	13.1	.	1.0	.	0.2
Barley, "	16.1	15.8	14.7	.	1.1	.	1.4
Bere, "	13.7	14.5	14.6	.	.	.	1.2
Rye, "	11.6	10.5	10.9	0.4	.	.	0.7
Potatoes, in Tons, ...	3.1	4.0	2.4	.	1.6	.	0.7
Turnips, "	12.6	12.9	11.5	.	1.4	.	1.0
Mangel Wurzel and Beet Root in Tons, ...	13.4	13.4	11.9	.	1.5	.	1.5
Flax in Spikes of 14 lbs.	28.2	30.8	29.1	.	1.7	0.9	.
Hay in Tons, ...	2.0	2.0	2.1	0.1	.	0.1	.

TABLE III.—Showing the Average yearly amount of Produce for the 10 years 1872-1881, the Produce in 1881 and 1882; the Increase or Decrease in 1882 compared with 1881; and the amount of Produce of each Crop in 1882, above or below the Average Amount for the 10 years 1872-1881.

Crops.	Average yearly Amount of Produce for the 10 years 1872-1881.	Produce in 1881.	Produce in 1882.	Increase or Decrease in 1882 compared with 1881.		The Produce in 1882 compared with average Produce of 10 years 1872-1881.	
				Increase.	Decrease.	Above.	Below.
	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.
Wheat, . . .	2,328,940	2,397,131	2,075,469	.	321,661	.	153,600
Oats, . . .	19,394,948	19,703,074	18,286,485	.	1,416,579	.	1,108,453
Barley, . . .	5,648,426	5,526,916	5,753,314	.	226,398	.	892,312
Barn, . . .	10,981	6,880	5,352	.	1,628	.	8,729
Rye, . . .	104,100	79,940	84,403	4,457	.	.	16,097
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Potatoes, . .	2,753,507	3,433,993	1,994,364	.	1,439,629	.	759,143
Turnips, . .	4,110,310	3,820,946	3,392,361	.	428,585	.	717,949
Mangel-Wurzel and Beet Root, .	580,769	691,792	453,078	.	238,714	.	147,631
Flax, . . .	22,194	26,533	20,622	.	5,911	.	1,572
Hay, . . .	5,820,813	5,989,634	4,115,169	1,874,465	.	204,349	.

The estimated value of the harvest in Ireland for 1882 is shown in the statement contained in Table IV. This table is a continuation of a similar table published in my Preliminary Report on the return of Agricultural Produce in 1879; the prices attached to each article are taken at the value fixed by the late Mr. Thom, in his Official Directory. The depreciation in money value of the crops in Ireland, owing to the unfavourable harvest of 1882, is exhibited at its lowest estimate in Table IV., and amounts in the aggregate to £5,818,167 as compared with 1881, and to £2,527,664 as compared with the average of the preceding ten years. The value of the harvest in 1882 according to the same table is £2,701,638 over the extremely unfavourable year 1872, and over that of the disastrous year of 1879, by £3,787,788. It will be observed that the great bulk of the money loss in 1882 is, as in 1879, on the potato crop, in which the diminution of value is £4,817,687 as compared with 1881, and £2,274,481 as compared with the average value of the crops for the past ten years.

In comparing these estimates some slight allowance must be made for the difference in extent under crops, but such allowance would not appreciably influence the unfavourable result.

AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS, IRELAND.

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCE OF IRELAND, 1872-1882.

TABLE IV.—EXTENT OF PRINCIPAL CROPS, AVERAGE PRODUCE per STATUTE ACRE, and TOTAL PRODUCE, for the years 1872 to 1882, inclusive, with their VALUE at the Estimated Average Prices given.

Crops, and Estimated Prices.	Years.	Extent of each Crop.	Average produce per Statute Acre.	Produce.	Estimated Value.	Crops, and Estimated Prices.	Years.	Extent of each Crop.	Average produce per Statute Acre.	Produce.	Estimated Value.
Wheat, 3s. per cwt.	1872	225,234	11.4	2,557,468	1,375,555	Flax, 6s. per cwt.	1872	131,492	2.0	262,984	1,068,680
	1873	187,484	11.7	1,970,469	949,244		1873	128,287	2.0	256,574	1,268,548
	1874	197,370	12.4	2,448,589	1,442,784		1874	148,307	2.4	296,614	1,154,232
	1875	184,933	14.0	2,589,263	1,188,085		1875	141,174	4.4	440,557	1,434,497
	1876	193,709	17.0	3,303,453	1,001,146		1876	126,330	4.1	524,355	1,779,559
	1877	135,287	18.5	1,303,480	860,556		1877	123,300	3.6	444,240	1,422,615
	1878	184,341	14.0	2,580,765	1,143,412		1878	111,817	4.8	455,113	1,419,440
	1879	187,311	11.4	2,139,531	899,052		1879	145,311	3.6	523,922	1,584,950
	1880	146,708	14.0	2,052,717	1,133,556		1880	137,543	3.2	540,537	1,228,252
	1881	153,194	14.9	2,247,391	1,098,606		1881	147,143	2.6	568,571	1,111,138
1882	170,824	13.5	2,055,440	1,037,720	1882	113,634	2.6	472,440	1,219,865		
Oats, 5s. 6d. per cwt.	1872	1,484,711	11.4	16,926,227	6,641,928	Peas, 10s. per ton.	1872	591,871	1.5	887,806	5,417,481
	1873	1,510,757	12.5	18,884,456	6,773,566		1873	585,202	2.0	7,022,044	5,445,134
	1874	1,480,257	12.5	18,503,213	5,322,754		1874	576,422	4.0	6,917,065	5,354,315
	1875	1,591,067	12.5	19,888,343	7,412,088		1875	569,560	2.0	4,512,094	10,538,684
	1876	1,482,169	14.8	21,715,296	5,665,014		1876	499,716	4.7	4,154,791	12,486,282
	1877	1,476,173	12.5	17,445,923	7,133,925		1877	473,280	2.0	5,717,776	6,271,222
	1878	1,415,045	10.5	15,044,446	7,017,944		1878	446,719	2.0	5,026,516	7,329,513
	1879	1,598,021	11.7	18,692,820	5,585,062		1879	405,673	1.3	5,113,570	5,341,489
	1880	1,285,228	14.2	18,260,479	7,029,467		1880	394,541	2.0	5,084,530	5,037,577
	1881	1,594,532	14.1	22,481,374	7,091,745		1881	444,268	4.0	5,433,533	10,766,770
1882	1,507,837	12.5	18,586,420	7,244,536	1882	437,218	2.4	5,294,824	6,963,682		
Barley, 5s. per cwt.	1872	2,118,418	14.5	30,717,264	1,244,914	Turneps, 7s. per ton.	1872	566,711	11.4	6,460,305	2,377,883
	1873	2,045,115	12.5	25,563,937	1,433,721		1873	547,848	12.7	4,428,367	5,617,517
	1874	2,118,630	12.5	26,476,286	1,231,158		1874	535,668	10.9	4,437,672	5,244,613
	1875	2,038,808	10.1	20,592,700	1,400,689		1875	530,038	10.9	5,292,422	3,174,971
	1876	2,018,414	17.4	35,129,528	1,551,011		1876	541,637	12.2	4,530,218	5,734,546
	1877	2,008,210	12.5	25,127,754	1,331,183		1877	534,379	10.7	5,064,325	5,138,414
	1878	2,048,644	10.1	20,697,764	1,369,615		1878	520,243	14.2	4,684,235	5,411,748
	1879	2,114,202	12.5	26,426,519	1,354,421		1879	511,697	8.5	4,347,884	1,284,682
	1880	2,118,646	12.4	26,464,438	1,471,378		1880	507,686	14.2	4,284,080	5,253,672
	1881	2,118,639	12.4	26,464,438	1,471,378		1881	507,686	12.9	5,060,960	5,253,672
1882	187,254	14.7	2,710,314	1,341,284	1882	294,679	11.0	3,232,461	2,338,437		
Rye, and Rye, 7s. per cwt.	1872	5,075	10.5	53,288	25,541	Mutton, 10s. per ton.	1872	5,782	12.4	430,782	329,684
	1873	5,024	10.0	50,240	24,266		1873	5,187	12.5	518,875	336,547
	1874	5,061	11.0	55,671	41,715		1874	5,194	14.1	546,362	466,516
	1875	5,147	12.5	64,337	47,519		1875	5,115	15.6	515,173	538,228
	1876	5,147	12.5	64,337	47,519		1876	4,611	14.1	461,111	522,285
	1877	5,147	12.5	64,337	47,519		1877	4,611	12.3	461,111	514,768
	1878	5,147	12.5	64,337	47,519		1878	4,611	12.3	461,111	514,768
	1879	5,147	12.5	64,337	47,519		1879	4,611	12.3	461,111	514,768
	1880	5,147	12.5	64,337	47,519		1880	4,611	12.3	461,111	514,768
	1881	5,147	12.5	64,337	47,519		1881	4,611	12.3	461,111	514,768
1882	5,147	12.5	64,337	47,519		1882	4,611	12.3	461,111	514,768	
Bees and Peas, 10s. 6d. per cwt.	1872	11,221	12.5	140,262	131,566	Hay, 4s. per ton.	1872	1,890,275	1.4	3,486,485	7,165,503
	1873	11,221	12.5	140,262	131,566		1873	1,890,275	1.4	3,486,485	7,165,503
	1874	11,221	12.5	140,262	131,566		1874	1,890,275	1.4	3,486,485	7,165,503
	1875	11,221	12.5	140,262	131,566		1875	1,890,275	1.4	3,486,485	7,165,503
	1876	11,221	12.5	140,262	131,566		1876	1,890,275	1.4	3,486,485	7,165,503
	1877	11,221	12.5	140,262	131,566		1877	1,890,275	1.4	3,486,485	7,165,503
	1878	11,221	12.5	140,262	131,566		1878	1,890,275	1.4	3,486,485	7,165,503
	1879	11,221	12.5	140,262	131,566		1879	1,890,275	1.4	3,486,485	7,165,503
	1880	11,221	12.5	140,262	131,566		1880	1,890,275	1.4	3,486,485	7,165,503
	1881	11,221	12.5	140,262	131,566		1881	1,890,275	1.4	3,486,485	7,165,503
1882	11,221	12.5	140,262	131,566		1882	1,890,275	1.4	3,486,485	7,165,503	

TOTAL VALUE OF PRINCIPAL CROPS, 1872 TO 1882.

1872	225,234	11.4	2,557,468	1,375,555	1875	184,933	14.0	2,589,263	1,188,085	1878	146,708	14.0	2,052,717	1,133,556
1873	187,484	11.7	1,970,469	949,244	1876	193,709	17.0	3,303,453	1,001,146	1879	184,341	14.0	2,580,765	1,143,412
1874	197,370	12.4	2,448,589	1,442,784	1877	135,287	18.5	1,303,480	860,556	1880	187,311	11.4	2,139,531	899,052
1875	184,933	14.0	2,589,263	1,188,085	1878	146,708	14.0	2,052,717	1,133,556	1881	153,194	14.0	2,244,711	1,098,606
1876	193,709	17.0	3,303,453	1,001,146	1879	184,341	14.0	2,580,765	1,143,412	1882	170,824	13.5	2,305,440	1,037,720

* Including beet root, 1877-82.

The usual Annual Report is in preparation, and will be presented in due course.

I have the honour to remain,

Your Excellency's faithful servant,

THOS. W. GRIMSHAW,

Registrar-General.

GENERAL REGISTER OFFICE,

CHARLEMONT HOUSE, DUBLIN,

11th December, 1882.

TABLES.

TABLE I.—SHOWING, BY COUNTIES AND PROVINCES, THE TOTAL

COUNTIES.	CORN, GRASS, AND FRUIT.										HAY AND OTHER CROPS.	
											Potatoes.	Turnips.
	Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Rye.	Rye.	Peas.	Beans.	Other.				
	Acre.	Acre.	Acre.	Acre.	Acre.	Acre.	Acre.	Acre.	Acre.	Acre.	Acre.	
Armagh, ...	4,501	77,547	1,181	10	21	2,494	134		83,121	44,976	5,365	
Armagh, ...	5,700	87,787	1,598	1	30	559	42		93,583	28,987	7,800	
Carlow, ...	3,203	21,398	3,881	6	4	2	2		29,454	9,780	4,901	
Cavan, ...	495	48,827	25	3	19	3	1		49,333	29,892	2,588	
Clare, ...	2,587	16,512	1,695	4	515	407	7		21,149	25,571	5,814	
Cork, ...	20,801	198,485	20,471	6	148	18	13		149,887	67,422	23,860	
Down, ...	806	85,281	1,698	18	811	229	206		90,266	47,549	15,848	
Down, ...	22,132	198,535	391	5	65	354	121		199,126	46,548	17,286	
Dublin, ...	3,845	14,080	2,818	98	43	34	42		25,060	9,388	2,484	
Fermanagh, ...	857	20,429	38	6	155	28	23		21,506	11,584	3,278	
Galway, ...	3,851	31,395	1,184	14	819	7	193		41,235	47,385	22,060	
Kerry, ...	1,485	25,517	2,805	5	284	21	1		29,103	23,654	5,202	
Kildare, ...	4,880	24,046	11,559	11	281		5		40,269	9,781	11,164	
Kilkenny, ...	18,875	38,073	16,109	5	1		1		61,054	17,132	9,749	
Kings, ...	2,782	24,518	15,474	45	805	3	3		49,035	15,580	2,453	
Leitrim, ...	186	15,022	19	6	132		1		15,356	11,431	1,827	
Limerick, ...	7,917	22,888	2,805	12	18	3	3		23,726	24,175	5,866	
Lisdown, ...	1,808	74,021	1,845	1	507	348	60		78,682	33,406	13,125	
Louth, ...	313	15,182	46	7	155	8	1		16,053	12,484	2,487	
Louth and Drogheda, County of Town.	4,650	25,042	17,304	20	12	275	82		47,147	11,274	10,131	
Mayo, ...	1,083	31,127	1,843	20	1,880	15	34		35,226	54,505	7,861	
Mayo, ...	2,704	31,282	1,445	17	53	10	15		35,548	22,666	4,757	
Meath, ...	1,236	35,947	1,850	20	49	31	4		38,170	21,321	7,863	
Queen's, ...	7,654	24,284	16,898	7	9				32,862	17,135	12,766	
Rockingham, ...	537	27,538	185	4	476	29	4		28,778	25,489	5,148	
Sligo, ...	200	25,173	850	1	189	8	3		27,120	22,525	3,422	
Tipperary, ...	12,423	47,592	18,650	59	316	12	1		68,773	24,548	22,286	
Tyrone, ...	2,285	185,281	54	6	179	64	7		187,791	42,728	14,657	
Waterford, ...	5,669	31,282	540		97	7	5		38,583	14,442	6,829	
Westmeath, ...	187	25,315	280	8	113	1	2		26,096	11,515	5,148	
Wexford, ...	7,263	47,687	41,095	6	37	4,538	17		103,634	21,087	17,769	
Wicklow, ...	3,867	25,544	800		1	4	1		29,217	11,549	4,857	
PROVINCES.												
Leinster, ...	54,980	387,167	128,158	158	1,282	4,685	179		388,387	188,287	67,628	
Munster, ...	21,303	280,260	44,318	66	1,105	402	58		323,092	164,312	71,466	
Connaught, ...	41,275	481,130	6,898	68	1,518	4,658	768		495,346	212,276	99,632	
Ulster, ...	5,545	160,349	7,271	81	2,680	54	154		187,922	171,855	39,945	
Total, ...	122,894	1,307,893	187,264	383	2,772	10,306	3,109		1,394,732	637,815	289,671	

EXTENT OF LAND UNDER CROPS.

9

EXTENT OF LAND UNDER CROPS IN THE YEAR 1882.

12 STATUTE ACRES.												COUNTIES.
Grain Crops.												
Wheat and Oats Total.	Corn and Barley.	Barley.	Trifolium.	Other Grass Crops.	Small.	Flax.	Peas.	Total other Crops.	Haystack Crops.	Total Grain Crops.		
Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.		
263	93	202	224	1,843	36,823	15,540	4	146,800	67,443	248,881	ARMAGH.	
887	41	242	626	1,244	28,205	12,222	25	118,226	47,238	162,504	ARMOR.	
611	107	717	17	211	16,226	.	.	47,680	22,268	72,226	CARLOW.	
227	28	1,254	71	869	22,226	6,224	48	84,226	28,123	142,726	CAYAN.	
2,660	125	1,173	28	401	35,121	61	5	35,600	22,226	142,826	CLARE.	
8,645	226	8,425	1,623	1,324	112,226	224	226	226,226	162,226	422,226	CORA.	
410	20	1,226	226	1,626	22,226	7,224	31	122,226	22,443	222,726	DONNELL.	
647	78	221	826	1,222	71,224	22,222	71	224,226	22,221	222,226	DOWN.	
261	127	1,226	22	1,244	15,222	.	14	22,227	47,224	22,221	DURKEA.	
224	20	224	22	226	22,227	2,245	5	47,226	22,227	162,226	FERRAGH.	
1,226	70	1,226	224	1,166	62,223	22	2,245	122,226	62,226	222,726	GALWAY.	
1,270	112	8,627	226	226	42,224	74	246	72,412	62,226	162,726	KERRY.	
1,166	122	226	44	226	22,126	22	22	22,226	22,226	112,224	KILMARR.	
1,246	78	1,226	70	226	22,226	4	3	22,221	22,226	122,221	KILMARR.	
1,226	21	245	77	226	22,227	22	246	22,221	42,245	112,226	KINSH.	
244	12	1,124	22	415	22,226	127	5	22,245	42,224	24,227	LINCOLN.	
1,227	226	1,226	22	226	22,221	11	26	62,124	112,224	162,426	LINCOLN.	
422	27	227	426	1,227	42,226	12,441	22	142,122	22,248	162,626	LINCOLN.	
226	22	726	22	426	12,221	114	22	22,226	22,226	71,226	LINCOLN.	
422	78	122	226	426	22,112	222	7	72,126	22,445	22,414	LOWE & DUNN, Co. of Town.	
226	22	2,124	226	226	22,226	226	226	122,226	42,226	122,226	MAY.	
1,221	226	226	78	1,127	22,227	22	226	22,224	22,226	142,227	MAY.	
422	22	226	142	221	22,226	12,226	77	22,224	22,226	122,226	MORRIS.	
1,222	142	742	22	222	22,124	7	112	22,226	22,226	142,226	QUINN.	
222	22	1,122	22	222	22,226	22	704	22,224	22,226	122,226	ROBINSON.	
227	42	1,223	21	227	22,226	22	12	22,226	22,241	22,221	SAND.	
1,221	222	2,212	122	222	22,226	4	122	142,122	112,227	222,226	THOMAS.	
221	42	226	217	1,226	22,226	12,247	22	122,217	22,226	242,226	THOMAS.	
1,222	122	1,242	24	222	22,226	.	12	22,226	22,112	22,426	WATKINS.	
222	74	222	22	222	12,421	4	217	42,226	22,226	22,226	WATKINS.	
2,222	124	1,222	74	222	42,226	7	122	142,226	22,226	222,227	WATKINS.	
227	22	222	42	221	22,226	.	22	42,421	22,226	122,226	WATKINS.	
											PROVINCIALS.	
12,422	1,222	2,222	722	2,124	22,224	1,112	1,124	22,224	22,422	1,222,224	LINCOLN.	
12,242	1,222	12,226	2,124	4,222	22,226	224	422	22,226	22,226	1,242,224	MORRIS.	
4,421	424	2,222	4,222	12,227	22,226	11,422	226	1,22,224	22,224	1,242,226	QUINN.	
2,142	122	1,424	224	2,222	22,226	212	2,226	412,244	22,224	222,226	CORRIGAN.	
22,222	2,224	22,226	2,422	22,227	1,242,226	112,424	2,227	1,12,124	1,22,226	2,22,226	TOTAL.	

B

TABLE II.—SHOWING, BY COUNTIES AND PROVINCES, THE

COUNTIES.	PRODUCE						
	CEREALS, BEANS, AND FRUIT.						
	Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Rye.	Peas.	Beans.	Fruit.
	Owls of 100 lbs.	Owls of 100 lbs.	Owls of 100 lbs.	Owls of 100 lbs.	Owls of 100 lbs.	Owls of 100 lbs.	Owls of 100 lbs.
ARLUND, ...	18,544	1,140,042	26,035	133	263	21,024	1,021
ARMAGH, ...	78,129	633,079	1,739	39	419	3,308	841
CARLOW, ...	69,594	203,763	89,348	35	55	46	59
CAYN, ...	6,678	483,579	399	33	349	58	11
CLARE, ...	14,099	227,269	17,202	49	1,099	7,533	74
CO.	261,326	1,861,409	264,618	92	1,489	187	189
DOWN, ...	10,474	1,063,314	16,796	167	6,367	3,863	4,092
DUBLIN, ...	290,064	1,843,871	1,346	78	1,583	26,461	1,442
DUMK, ...	124,699	223,478	49,365	547	584	479	671
FERRIS, ...	11,229	218,158	302	78	1,674	489	203
GALWAY, ...	48,168	673,893	71,334	166	4,723	311	1,364
KERRY, ...	24,898	347,228	81,434	78	2,774	221	8
KILK, ...	78,146	468,457	168,894	136	4,243	.	34
KILKENNY, ...	114,718	368,375	268,130	86	17	.	19
KING, ...	69,053	368,298	167,836	626	4,561	43	55
LEITH, ...	2,046	164,802	196	72	2,153	.	12
LIMERICK, ...	61,894	319,808	42,702	176	178	39	39
LONDONDERRY, ...	24,493	253,873	29,206	19	4,539	6,646	699
LONDON, ...	4,375	218,156	443	162	1,037	154	4
LOVE and DOWN, County of Town.	86,837	428,898	263,636	349	196	6,323	1,141
MAYO, ...	11,929	711,607	13,936	287	22,964	189	216
MAYO, ...	45,896	464,892	22,345	263	1,689	138	103
MURRAY, ...	11,929	513,375	18,811	169	643	626	47
QUEEN, ...	114,236	363,376	267,227	102	101	.	.
ROCKFORD, ...	8,667	353,586	3,666	66	4,696	463	48
SLIGO, ...	4,666	327,540	18,993	13	1,769	39	35
THURMANT, ...	87,840	314,802	248,487	872	1,376	141	11
TRINITY, ...	26,749	1,213,666	146	69	2,159	772	67
WATERFORD, ...	76,666	468,119	13,861	.	232	82	58
WATERFORD, ...	2,441	394,619	2,391	69	1,646	4	54
WICKFORD, ...	81,672	354,324	555,479	66	946	74,463	207
WICKLOW, ...	15,376	215,769	14,335	.	14	62	12
PROVINCES.							
LEITH, ...	861,816	4,674,156	1,801,674	2,584	16,243	81,764	2,807
MURRAY, ...	668,836	3,678,424	668,274	1,247	5,266	4,174	316
QUEEN, ...	628,174	7,547,837	67,341	769	17,869	26,125	8,348
CONRAD, ...	60,312	2,034,678	36,266	669	41,689	726	2,219
TOTAL, ...	2,275,449	18,386,435	2,751,214	4,792	84,493	163,726	13,965

PRODUCE OF THE CROPS IN THE YEAR 1882.

OF THE CROPS.										COUNTIES.
GROSS CROPS.										
Wheat.	Oats.	Barley & Malt.	Hay & Forage.	Cattle.	Wool.	Flax.	Bees.	Wool & Woolen.		
Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Spindle of 10 lbs.	Dozs.	Tons.		
82,845	88,640	2,602	805	2,080	7,225	485,561	27	109,400	ARMING.	
54,177	62,845	2,100	220	1,388	7,000	840,722	178	98,230	ARMING.	
30,674	62,262	2,200	1,046	5,565	124	.	.	62,245	CARLOW.	
48,713	57,655	5,722	204	22,884	600	102,024	470	22,372	CARLOW.	
47,841	61,268	20,840	1,100	11,038	281	1,200	20	109,314	CLARE.	
180,489	496,824	11,600	4,685	22,789	17,247	6,800	1,800	221,010	CLARE.	
113,203	275,600	5,400	807	14,900	8,819	204,679	124	106,000	DOUGLAS.	
120,612	120,601	6,682	816	2,342	19,116	794,787	815	145,085	DOWD.	
26,722	28,201	11,129	605	12,745	744	.	45	55,487	DEVON.	
20,088	20,120	4,122	101	2,202	811	71,800	60	117,560	FERMANAGH.	
221,022	148,384	19,847	611	17,201	674	890	16,070	269,464	GALWAY.	
87,260	41,253	13,508	776	22,877	1,424	1,708	1,002	148,720	KERRY.	
96,505	104,589	15,002	1,207	1,807	120	200	220	110,000	KILKEEL.	
42,873	67,628	12,872	628	16,443	444	120	10	221,120	KILKEEL.	
20,167	126,080	14,486	607	8,286	816	100	8,100	201,627	KING'S.	
20,408	10,947	2,220	80	16,885	405	2,074	20	709,840	LATHAM.	
58,582	58,768	16,140	1,625	12,075	845	228	260	207,840	LATHAM.	
71,225	145,207	8,800	808	6,847	6,800	47,606	178	80,800	LEEDS.	
20,203	20,409	2,200	204	7,788	681	3,872	108	84,144	LEEDS.	
24,700	183,848	6,419	434	2,080	1,708	21,604	44	45,883	LOVE and BUCKINGHAM, County of York.	
160,600	85,002	4,478	204	53,920	1,200	6,828	1,881	90,000	MARY.	
26,200	189,109	16,081	1,870	8,810	440	1,440	500	164,800	MARY.	
24,800	27,856	8,202	112	1,420	1,220	810,484	118	22,019	MONTGOMERY.	
60,183	173,709	25,435	1,486	1,838	540	108	254	107,200	QUEEN'S.	
10,147	45,737	8,208	184	12,005	281	840	8,207	143,102	ROBINSON.	
48,490	44,734	8,378	243	15,000	410	1,200	62	22,248	SLIGO.	
105,600	219,861	10,815	1,644	20,002	1,204	144	638	222,048	TOWNSHEND.	
54,200	134,800	5,715	241	2,402	1,827	206,804	147	114,807	TOWNSHEND.	
42,208	76,888	22,603	1,109	6,176	878	.	60	40,000	WATSON.	
25,843	20,001	10,100	727	6,640	178	80	2,100	221,002	WATSON.	
40,185	222,780	25,710	1,658	15,000	811	102	614	116,116	WATSON.	
20,265	66,212	5,475	202	6,740	410	.	208	116,240	WATSON.	
PROVINCE.										
444,476	1,729,246	170,000	11,201	60,004	6,076	80,100	8,172	1,200,000	LONDON.	
821,226	863,774	188,494	10,704	117,015	21,205	10,610	4,200	1,207,000	MONTGOMERY.	
681,001	807,180	43,000	8,179	20,000	20,147	3,220,640	1,814	1,045,000	QUEEN'S.	
267,402	240,220	24,200	1,200	20,000	3,478	12,200	20,004	244,800	QUEEN'S.	
1,504,364	2,202,800	433,070	26,902	249,004	60,600	5,200,400	24,800	4,115,200	TOTAL.	

TABLE II.—SHOWING, BY POOR LAW UNIONS, THE

FOOD LAW UNIONS.	DISTINCT UNION CROPS									
	CEREAL, GRAIN, AND FRUIT.							Potatoes.	Vegetables.	
	Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Rye.	Spelt.	Maize.	Peas.			
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	
ABERTON, ...	1,014	6,227	4,701	5	4	—	—	4,091	3,093	
ADRIAN, ...	1,100	14,690	30	—	3	334	107	5,090	1,301	
ADRIAN, ...	2,778	5,432	3,447	17	2	194	75	3,068	4,343	
ADRIAN, ...	3,508	20,474	15	—	—	—	—	10,071	9,940	
ADRIAN, ...	170	1,071	35	4	128	1	—	6,080	1,963	
ADRIAN, ...	3,660	10,881	12,640	—	50	—	—	4,794	3,364	
ADRIAN, ...	73	9,094	1	—	1	—	—	4,125	591	
ADRIAN, ...	10	1,046	265	1	82	1	25	5,900	1,264	
ADRIAN, ...	215	6,090	201	4	90	3	2	3,093	1,848	
ADRIAN, ...	690	7,260	570	—	62	2	6	6,090	2,402	
ADRIAN, ...	17	6,093	706	—	1	607	4	4,302	1,602	
ADRIAN, ...	165	5,093	5	4	62	1	1	3,800	1,070	
ADRIAN, ...	304	11,414	5	1	31	12	4	12,012	702	
ADRIAN, ...	74	17,137	14	—	2	15	9	6,662	2,110	
ADRIAN, ...	174	3,890	30	2	65	33	1	4,305	513	
ADRIAN, ...	172	302	307	—	—	—	—	1,967	347	
ADRIAN, ...	2,014	5,207	1,270	6	25	1	6	3,405	1,010	
ADRIAN, ...	714	3,660	479	1	—	—	—	3,774	1,210	
ADRIAN, ...	1,206	24,043	20	—	2	2	1	9,748	2,514	
ADRIAN, ...	1,204	7,305	1,305	—	1	—	—	3,609	2,706	
ADRIAN, ...	690	1,685	3	—	2	—	—	3,093	580	
ADRIAN, ...	11	4,407	1	—	5	—	—	5,131	130	
ADRIAN, ...	280	4,303	1	—	3	10	1	3,741	577	
ADRIAN, ...	1,207	5,690	245	30	100	—	—	3,905	176	
ADRIAN, ...	1,207	5,690	4,607	2	30	11	—	2,445	3,604	
ADRIAN, ...	13	7,023	6	1	27	—	—	3,025	400	
ADRIAN, ...	12	3,263	2	—	20	1	1	4,019	460	
ADRIAN, ...	3,071	5,770	690	—	—	—	—	3,204	1,401	
ADRIAN, ...	3,141	10,970	4,743	1	1	2	2	7,362	4,101	
ADRIAN, ...	700	11,474	1,206	5	1	—	—	4,473	1,905	
ADRIAN, ...	50	3,510	5	—	30	—	1	3,418	590	
ADRIAN, ...	1,207	7,910	42	—	—	—	—	3,013	1,074	
ADRIAN, ...	3,708	11,542	1,201	10	25	—	—	4,884	2,023	
ADRIAN, ...	3	7,001	48	—	60	9	—	7,145	1,003	
ADRIAN, ...	3	10,320	—	—	—	—	—	7,460	1,000	
ADRIAN, ...	301	2,705	1,129	1	—	—	—	2,045	734	
ADRIAN, ...	29	6,070	—	—	—	—	—	3,007	1,000	
ADRIAN, ...	1	10,403	2	—	107	20	4	10,004	1,172	
ADRIAN, ...	100	1,300	14	—	5	—	—	3,200	170	
ADRIAN, ...	200	10,000	15	1	14	2	—	3,700	700	
ADRIAN, ...	1,350	14,620	100	10	7	4	5	1,704	1,140	
ADRIAN, ...	11	10,414	40	1	80	—	—	7,300	1,301	
ADRIAN, ...	3,000	5,500	101	—	372	—	—	4,322	2,200	
ADRIAN, ...	2,000	5,300	45	—	4	—	—	4,900	1,310	
ADRIAN, ...	204	11,000	20	1	9	4	2	4,004	1,014	
ADRIAN, ...	574	3,700	2,770	—	4	—	—	4,301	2,007	
ADRIAN, ...	300	4,007	20	10	74	4	—	3,753	1,074	
ADRIAN, ...	2,001	6,100	20	—	—	—	—	3,000	1,100	
ADRIAN, ...	100	10,500	1,203	1	8	100	27	7,000	5,145	
ADRIAN, ...	670	10,400	30	2	10	10	1	6,070	1,007	
ADRIAN, ...	160	15,701	—	1	5	2	—	6,700	1,404	
ADRIAN, ...	1,004	14,545	2,000	2	15	2	11	7,000	5,170	
ADRIAN, ...	100	800	100	—	10	1	—	1,100	300	
ADRIAN, ...	1,100	3,000	200	—	2	—	—	3,000	1,407	
ADRIAN, ...	30	6,007	1	—	24	—	3	1,000	1,004	
ADRIAN, ...	70	2,700	840	1	100	—	—	2,001	500	
ADRIAN, ...	1,177	2,000	1,207	3	—	—	—	1,000	1,003	
ADRIAN, ...	35	4,400	20	—	25	6	—	5,000	201	
ADRIAN, ...	3,003	20,400	20	—	40	120	10	10,000	5,401	
ADRIAN, ...	1,011	6,000	3,000	1	—	30	5	3,774	3,010	
ADRIAN, ...	110	6,000	710	—	14	—	—	4,100	1,000	
ADRIAN, ...	1,075	3,004	620	—	3	10	32	3,000	400	
ADRIAN, ...	1,000	1,000	43	12	3	1	1	1,070	401	
ADRIAN, ...	1,303	14,007	6,000	6	11	54	9	7,071	4,070	
ADRIAN, ...	—	—	140	9	340	2	20	4,100	5,000	
ADRIAN, ...	700	10,000	4	—	60	20	2	3,003	2,004	
ADRIAN, ...	1,371	5,612	115	—	3	—	1	3,004	1,000	
ADRIAN, ...	1,400	6,000	20	—	24	2	1	3,001	1,100	
ADRIAN, ...	401	6,000	20	—	—	—	1	1,170	670	
ADRIAN, ...	400	6,000	1,007	8	121	—	—	3,070	2,100	
ADRIAN, ...	400	5,001	841	1	30	20	2	3,000	1,100	
ADRIAN, ...	2,000	10,017	14,140	9	—	200	2	6,000	4,007	
ADRIAN, ...	100	6,700	2	1	40	10	10	7,000	1,000	
ADRIAN, ...	100	207	41	1	107	5	—	3,000	504	
ADRIAN, ...	1,777	10,004	100	—	1	—	—	5,000	3,000	
ADRIAN, ...	600	5,000	2,100	1	117	8	100	6,070	2,110	
ADRIAN, ...	2	5,070	1	1	80	—	—	5,000	800	
ADRIAN, ...	200	1,000	200	—	140	1	—	5,000	40	
ADRIAN, ...	1,000	1,000	20	—	5	—	—	1,000	340	
ADRIAN, ...	1,000	1,000	2,000	—	—	—	—	1,000	2,000	
ADRIAN, ...	470	3,070	1,000	2	20	1	9	3,005	1,000	
ADRIAN, ...	—	6,000	—	—	5	—	—	3,000	1,000	

EXTENT OF LAND UNDER CROPS.

18

EXTENT OF LAND UNDER CROPS IN THE YEAR 1855.

IN STATUTE ACRES.

CROPS, &c.										Total Acres under Crops.	FOODLAW UNIONS.
Wheat &c.	Corn &c.	Barley	Oats	Other Grains	Flax	Hay	Food Crops	Medicinal Crops	Other		
Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	
415	49	172	8	142	-	9	21,208	14,140	25,053	25,053	ARMISTEAD.
27	12	40	374	80	2,098	-	28,264	20,840	49,040	49,040	ASTON.
225	26	71	49	210	39	7	25,225	11,474	36,700	36,700	BARROW.
244	26	116	412	229	6,885	11	26,821	24,944	51,765	51,765	BARROW.
265	16	185	16	216	-	269	18,881	13,051	31,932	31,932	BARROW.
1,078	118	120	34	258	7	90	44,810	22,046	66,856	66,856	BARROW.
29	4	163	16	144	1,429	9	14,297	2,899	17,196	17,196	BALDWIN.
38	3	253	48	145	140	10	15,704	4,418	20,122	20,122	BALDWIN.
268	12	185	11	201	1	443	15,888	16,583	32,471	32,471	BALDWIN.
197	7	109	21	242	5	169	17,331	7,993	25,324	25,324	BALDWIN.
16	2	68	41	114	1,345	4	15,422	4,474	19,896	19,896	BALDWIN.
214	16	163	27	294	16	16	11,668	13,273	24,941	24,941	BALDWIN.
29	4	27	29	70	5,726	-	26,529	17,332	43,861	43,861	BALDWIN.
65	12	51	62	202	4,825	-	24,439	20,115	44,554	44,554	BALDWIN.
71	8	238	3	146	199	-	9,088	15,217	24,305	24,305	BALDWIN.
74	3	49	2	31	-	1	2,069	1,094	3,163	3,163	BALDWIN.
151	20	90	27	237	-	-	13,902	14,871	28,773	28,773	BALDWIN.
299	51	226	11	170	-	-	13,220	21,761	34,981	34,981	BALDWIN.
43	8	40	74	255	6,964	10	42,317	10,080	52,397	52,397	BALDWIN.
227	84	118	77	116	1	1	17,936	5,190	23,126	23,126	BALDWIN.
195	4	180	27	55	-	-	6,013	4,540	10,553	10,553	BALDWIN.
47	1	282	6	26	12	-	16,458	12,595	29,053	29,053	BALDWIN.
204	10	122	48	480	855	5	9,487	3,712	13,200	13,200	BALDWIN.
2	1	772	25	45	18	-	7,925	2,484	10,409	10,409	BALDWIN.
246	23	110	34	48	-	80	16,167	6,864	23,031	23,031	BALDWIN.
66	4	429	2	132	9	4	17,058	10,811	27,869	27,869	BALDWIN.
121	7	245	9	29	4	23	9,213	6,598	15,811	15,811	BALDWIN.
158	25	360	16	87	-	-	13,231	16,017	29,248	29,248	BALDWIN.
478	36	600	16	900	-	-	26,370	41,261	67,631	67,631	BALDWIN.
82	3	120	20	61	1,355	1	21,680	6,126	27,806	27,806	BALDWIN.
61	4	214	4	40	13	4	8,867	14,629	23,497	23,497	BALDWIN.
285	25	323	12	69	-	-	13,443	9,945	23,388	23,388	BALDWIN.
201	44	469	30	111	-	-	24,311	17,621	41,932	41,932	BALDWIN.
22	11	219	27	133	79	14	16,669	7,077	23,746	23,746	BALDWIN.
47	8	68	11	53	4,146	-	22,114	7,784	29,898	29,898	BALDWIN.
50	6	234	1	79	-	3	7,780	22,976	30,756	30,756	BALDWIN.
22	2	62	50	223	1,364	-	16,112	5,003	21,115	21,115	BALDWIN.
112	5	646	50	246	19	46	26,038	14,224	40,262	40,262	BALDWIN.
82	6	25	3	33	8	-	4,468	8,866	13,334	13,334	BALDWIN.
190	12	468	13	879	1,629	22	27,248	24,220	51,468	51,468	BALDWIN.
500	22	31	5	946	8	20	6,750	15,905	22,655	22,655	BALDWIN.
33	1	286	28	164	-	73	20,128	8,825	28,953	28,953	BALDWIN.
34	10	145	3	27	-	21	7,909	5,711	13,620	13,620	BALDWIN.
118	8	307	4	85	-	-	26,221	7,733	33,954	33,954	BALDWIN.
111	7	87	24	130	1,648	19	21,528	8,890	30,418	30,418	BALDWIN.
276	122	96	24	137	101	-	14,000	4,378	18,378	18,378	BALDWIN.
214	5	15	19	149	1,846	7	12,991	11,544	24,535	24,535	BALDWIN.
164	29	364	15	34	-	8	11,533	5,287	16,820	16,820	BALDWIN.
131	18	425	27	61	4,887	18	24,411	8,839	33,250	33,250	BALDWIN.
51	19	69	28	549	4,924	3	26,360	5,080	31,440	31,440	BALDWIN.
80	11	211	48	128	5,870	20	26,840	11,472	38,312	38,312	BALDWIN.
1,671	43	622	845	286	-	5	26,124	21,723	47,847	47,847	BALDWIN.
77	5	71	1	29	1	3	2,733	3,494	6,227	6,227	BALDWIN.
200	60	29	18	83	1	20	16,932	13,299	30,231	30,231	BALDWIN.
179	15	70	3	160	-	30	2,415	9,871	12,286	12,286	BALDWIN.
84	-	184	5	48	8	2	6,172	4,062	10,234	10,234	BALDWIN.
146	16	12	1	39	1	9	7,621	1,007	8,628	8,628	BALDWIN.
60	6	126	1	147	426	6	15,565	17,479	33,044	33,044	BALDWIN.
268	14	45	169	523	8,294	35	42,885	20,225	63,110	63,110	BALDWIN.
178	18	24	43	240	21	-	26,807	14,268	41,075	41,075	BALDWIN.
92	7	167	29	38	80	11	11,074	5,768	16,842	16,842	BALDWIN.
173	23	377	58	439	-	-	3,353	6,772	10,125	10,125	BALDWIN.
158	37	387	57	465	-	-	4,478	5,508	10,000	10,000	BALDWIN.
228	35	129	47	291	1,126	1	41,478	20,578	62,056	62,056	BALDWIN.
18	8	155	42	283	226	-	11,729	5,098	16,827	16,827	BALDWIN.
145	10	118	70	817	4,208	14	25,029	10,742	35,771	35,771	BALDWIN.
315	30	321	6	78	-	7	15,027	5,918	20,945	20,945	BALDWIN.
117	23	590	305	55	29	73	10,001	5,243	15,244	15,244	BALDWIN.
63	20	12	3	69	-	8	12,008	12,681	24,689	24,689	BALDWIN.
266	28	180	7	129	-	161	16,045	18,662	34,707	34,707	BALDWIN.
685	45	181	5	149	8	-	5,768	15,024	20,792	20,792	BALDWIN.
232	44	638	26	130	-	1	81,483	17,289	98,772	98,772	BALDWIN.
123	11	112	38	249	818	1	18,319	27,379	45,698	45,698	BALDWIN.
257	7	202	3	49	10	-	5,178	18,212	23,390	23,390	BALDWIN.
343	34	235	65	122	11	25	27,451	15,263	42,714	42,714	BALDWIN.
272	8	142	18	149	8	296	18,992	5,124	24,116	24,116	BALDWIN.
22	1	180	12	113	9	137	14,207	8,513	22,720	22,720	BALDWIN.
6	1	263	51	44	1	-	17,048	14,840	31,888	31,888	BALDWIN.
221	17	198	10	32	9	9	4,203	28,190	32,393	32,393	BALDWIN.
478	19	187	8	836	-	-	24,064	17,563	41,627	41,627	BALDWIN.
165	8	103	8	117	1	183	11,387	2,361	13,748	13,748	BALDWIN.
3	-	181	4	224	621	-	14,870	2,454	17,324	17,324	BALDWIN.

TABLE III.—SHOWING, BY POOR LAW UNIONS, THE

POOR LAW UNIONS.	EXTENT UNDER CROPS									
	OATS, BEANS, AND PEAS.								Potatoes.	Turneps.
	Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Beans.	Peas.	Maize.	Potatoes.	Turneps.		
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
GRANARD, ...	47	11,146	12	5	20	1	..	7,999	1,254	..
INCHDOW, ...	5	14,641	897	6	218	..	..	7,516	2,162	..
INCHDOW, ...	129	7,454	..	..	43	11	..	3,309	1,057	..
KASTON, ...	1,823	4,569	17	..	4	..	..	6,714	1,145	..
KEAM, ...	55	7,451	54	..	8	1	..	3,315	1,635	..
KILBARR, ...	4	1,929	1	..	5	..	..	3,379	479	..
KILBARR, ...	1,255	7,561	35	..	5	..	..	4,072	855	..
KILBARR, ...	2,772	6,701	4,166	2	..	..	..	3,691	2,659	..
KILBARR, ...	435	1,947	129	1	34	14	..	2,236	413	..
KILBARR, ...	5	2,024	161	..	1	..	..	5,392	346	..
KILBARR, ...	299	7,666	71	..	21	..	..	8,998	1,032	..
KILBARR, ...	615	3,564	38	..	..	..	..	1,135	861	..
KILBARR, ...	..	3,567	35	..	..	..	..	4,598	535	..
KILBARR, ...	553	2,611	49	1	237	349	8	6,742	921	..
KILBARR, ...	1,458	5,561	3,441	..	8	..	..	3,354	2,399	..
KILBARR, ...	297	8,135	39	..	..	1,348	2	1,347	1,219	..
KILBARR, ...	36	12,205	2	..	..	1	27	3,639	9,294	..
KILBARR, ...	291	13,671	849	..	443	105	44	7,159	3,073	..
KILBARR, ...	661	7,308	1,750	3	18	26	2	7,157	9,151	..
KILBARR, ...	2,457	29,592	28	1	24	58	29	16,484	5,923	..
KILBARR, ...	1,145	7,566	55	..	23	5	..	3,459	1,491	..
KILBARR, ...	294	5,329	4	4	26	5	9	4,438	925	..
KILBARR, ...	289	5,394	915	..	191	20	..	4,494	1,593	..
KILBARR, ...	551	54,232	46	..	..	250	28	4,627	7,491	..
KILBARR, ...	145	7,534	32	8	55	7	..	2,415	554	..
KILBARR, ...	468	5,684	211	..	21	..	..	4,274	1,385	..
KILBARR, ...	4,955	12,224	127	..	7	347	4	6,755	1,599	..
KILBARR, ...	1,074	7,429	47	..	2	..	..	5,890	1,369	..
KILBARR, ...	1,367	26,289	13	1	115	17	5	15,979	2,581	..
KILBARR, ...	2,708	8,745	92	..	..	..	..	4,922	2,619	..
KILBARR, ...	29	3,057	11	1	29	..	..	5,261	511	..
KILBARR, ...	1,818	11,299	7,695	..	..	..	..	4,100	5,449	..
KILBARR, ...	16	12,446	341	..	37	1	27	6,251	2,165	..
KILBARR, ...	277	2,691	2	1	1	..	..	5,415	543	..
KILBARR, ...	600	3,057	5	..	5	..	..	5,022	541	..
KILBARR, ...	199	5,257	2	..	48	..	..	6,236	485	..
KILBARR, ...	369	13,153	14	..	..	30	4	7,517	2,627	..
KILBARR, ...	66	5,378	18	..	54	..	2	4,604	192	..
KILBARR, ...	2,736	11,491	8,296	4	18	..	..	6,271	5,777	..
KILBARR, ...	88	13,247	51	2	17	..	..	4,355	2,341	..
KILBARR, ...	1,297	19,190	1,059	3	166	..	1	4,347	3,489	..
KILBARR, ...	696	4,485	33	4	6	3	8	2,029	1,147	..
KILBARR, ...	1,016	4,494	1,189	13	5	..	1	5,120	3,215	..
KILBARR, ...	938	2,537	47	9	5	1	..	4,436	774	..
KILBARR, ...	1	2,747	14	1	1,118	3	2	2,052	169	..
KILBARR, ...	2,128	15,770	14,565	..	48	44	..	7,779	5,784	..
KILBARR, ...	1,123	29,556	65	1	9	4	4	16,650	2,691	..
KILBARR, ...	2,267	19,843	167	4	55	772	26	7,719	4,237	..
KILBARR, ...	39	7,694	17	3	5	..	1	5,092	567	..
KILBARR, ...	4	24,692	..	..	4	1	..	4,759	2,685	..
KILBARR, ...	327	2,898	255	..	46	..	1	3,014	163	..
KILBARR, ...	1,829	5,971	6,172	15	236	1	1	6,891	4,415	..
KILBARR, ...	435	2,164	217	2	65	..	..	2,388	987	..
KILBARR, ...	919	2,641	120	1	..	..	1	1,078	874	..
KILBARR, ...	2,598	10,547	444	..	..	4	1	4,459	2,199	..
KILBARR, ...	3,901	4,485	929	..	..	..	..	5,359	1,399	..
KILBARR, ...	261	4,029	1	..	53	..	..	4,969	1,735	..
KILBARR, ...	754	4,227	2,692	26	9	1	..	5,061	5,499	..
KILBARR, ...	253	1,531	41	..	..	..	..	5,028	528	..
KILBARR, ...	452	6,525	836	4	3	..	..	5,869	1,379	..
KILBARR, ...	1,061	4,025	169	2	77	6	1	4,627	1,436	..
KILBARR, ...	968	1,284	314	..	3	2	1	2,234	455	..
KILBARR, ...	244	8,329	45	..	230	3	3	8,017	1,097	..
KILBARR, ...	649	29,650	1	..	..	1	..	7,685	6,163	..
KILBARR, ...	71	5,335	..	..	..	..	..	3,659	1,187	..
KILBARR, ...	147	3,334	19	..	137	..	..	5,697	594	..
KILBARR, ...	5	15,191	29	..	293	..	..	12,925	694	..
KILBARR, ...	2,041	5,091	5,025	..	1	..	1	2,447	2,594	..
KILBARR, ...	484	7,774	6,145	16	..	..	1	8,181	5,708	..
KILBARR, ...	229	6,567	56	1	5	..	..	6,457	1,696	..
KILBARR, ...	1	7,255	6	..	3	..	..	5,967	691	..
KILBARR, ...	584	5,663	1,960	..	18	..	..	6,473	1,315	..
KILBARR, ...	719	6,889	85	0	51	1	1	2,562	1,613	..
KILBARR, ...	405	10,674	294	5	134	..	38	8,261	3,299	..
KILBARR, ...	229	2,043	35	..	20	..	..	5,774	779	..
KILBARR, ...	1,850	5,668	4,352	8	47	9	2	5,485	3,197	..
KILBARR, ...	714	4,595	5,616	..	..	..	..	5,639	1,293	..
KILBARR, ...	2,111	5,992	472	..	..	4	8	3,599	6,795	..
KILBARR, ...	139	5,466	18	..	..	..	..	4,708	2,190	..
KILBARR, ...	1,439	7,718	16,813	5	19	8,422	16	4,548	1,798	..
KILBARR, ...	649	7,214	2,581	1	1	..	..	3,199	2,474	..
Total, ...	182,294	1,597,507	187,284	563	7,773	18,680	1,160	357,918	304,870	..

EXTENT OF LAND UNDER CROPS IN THE YEAR 1882—continued.

IN SQUARE ACRES.

OVER CROPS.										TOTAL CROPS CROPS.	POOR LAW UNION.
Arable and Pasture.	Grass and Pasture.	Orchards.	Plantations.	Other Crops.	Waste.	Water.	Land under Tillage.	Highways and Lanes.			
Arable.	Grass and Pasture.	Orchards.	Plantations.	Other Crops.	Waste.	Water.	Land under Tillage.	Highways and Lanes.	Arable.	POOR LAW UNION.	
145	12	481	18	107	73	12	29,483	30,338	43,811	GRAPESHAM.	
71	0	311	482	110	85	2	24,912	2,554	30,547	HEATHFIELD.	
89	8	193	8	64	1,361	2	14,213	2,566	26,471	JEFFREYSTOWN.	
175	24	473	23	215	17	72	14,879	15,640	41,513	KANTON.	
147	17	106	7	145	41	13	12,858	12,870	24,487	KILBECK.	
33	13	406	59	45	1,169	4	6,447	6,693	13,156	KIRKMAN.	
93	5	33	7	151	1	1	15,706	3,750	15,486	KIRKALL.	
121	14	849	16	73	1,346	1	13,886	13,886	36,551	KILCHERRY.	
169	2	362	2	83	19	1	4,890	8,892	12,882	KILCHERRY.	
8	3	88	8	38	26	1	2,830	2,636	8,896	KILGALL.	
146	10	881	39	187	27	128	18,883	20,263	37,186	KILMARNOCK.	
228	11	127	1	63	1	1	7,524	2,020	30,122	KILMARNOCK.	
125	16	548	6	221	1	2	16,061	20,032	33,123	KILMARNOCK.	
205	21	173	1	34	21	1	17,939	17,939	33,170	KILMARNOCK.	
548	86	45	75	19	1	1	17,152	6,693	33,387	KILMARNOCK.	
21	2	5	74	223	151	1	13,429	13,378	34,417	KILMARNOCK.	
33	3	240	113	82	1,047	1	26,443	8,425	23,396	KILMARNOCK.	
35	8	165	222	229	2,029	1	26,565	8,425	43,294	KILMARNOCK.	
174	29	472	4	225	28	1	26,447	11,663	35,419	KILMARNOCK.	
124	75	85	264	434	5,109	1	49,092	22,017	67,903	KILMARNOCK.	
248	28	281	29	66	1	1	14,773	4,223	16,040	KILMARNOCK.	
269	8	23	32	118	1,104	4	12,765	14,198	27,073	KILMARNOCK.	
467	66	800	77	89	5	7	14,015	19,493	34,165	KILMARNOCK.	
391	29	404	282	486	1,706	8	40,032	10,372	61,280	KILMARNOCK.	
163	12	331	12	247	67	12	14,563	14,469	28,162	KILMARNOCK.	
141	6	210	29	188	4	506	14,076	16,291	26,417	KILMARNOCK.	
139	8	94	245	281	1,489	1	8,462	12,710	44,212	KILMARNOCK.	
200	22	353	324	57	1,067	27	16,067	12,710	36,115	KILMARNOCK.	
75	8	247	160	229	7,083	1	45,034	14,711	59,749	KILMARNOCK.	
203	36	189	141	120	1	1	16,958	10,067	34,985	KILMARNOCK.	
47	1	400	1	88	11	1	9,086	16,141	27,777	KILMARNOCK.	
1,252	24	114	120	113	227	19	31,385	8,453	40,893	KILMARNOCK.	
59	5	233	391	116	1	1	22,117	2,533	35,422	KILMARNOCK.	
44	7	367	87	17	1	1	6,441	7,965	12,893	KILMARNOCK.	
88	7	233	17	23	1	1	6,412	10,200	15,619	KILMARNOCK.	
127	8	247	28	230	46	4	12,892	12,873	25,288	KILMARNOCK.	
211	8	89	79	416	4,721	10	24,261	1,136	45,291	KILMARNOCK.	
325	4	142	13	167	1	307	11,777	8,790	19,567	KILMARNOCK.	
702	43	567	42	184	1	35	27,233	21,647	56,880	KILMARNOCK.	
596	35	891	18	240	2	174	14,790	22,535	61,728	KILMARNOCK.	
325	24	375	8	182	3	13	21,873	22,441	49,314	KILMARNOCK.	
286	53	51	28	213	1	1	8,040	10,941	26,889	KILMARNOCK.	
180	26	847	33	23	4	13	20,717	20,322	46,669	KILMARNOCK.	
187	31	268	9	169	7	1	16,134	26,855	55,035	KILMARNOCK.	
18	1	111	5	28	1	1	6,005	1,750	3,961	KILMARNOCK.	
944	65	689	25	163	1	1	49,015	14,759	63,774	KILMARNOCK.	
88	3	128	43	447	5,636	9	44,289	14,395	63,774	KILMARNOCK.	
220	21	65	455	625	4,830	15	44,039	13,807	67,789	KILMARNOCK.	
191	16	127	19	183	283	89	13,546	16,791	30,041	KILMARNOCK.	
50	4	128	28	248	3,403	1	39,807	3,396	48,083	KILMARNOCK.	
37	1	28	1	91	1	1	6,805	1,584	7,389	KILMARNOCK.	
494	33	261	21	323	1	63	30,529	19,328	66,438	KILMARNOCK.	
229	13	115	2	26	1	163	7,553	8,249	17,812	KILMARNOCK.	
158	13	66	17	569	1	1	8,706	8,590	16,277	KILMARNOCK.	
229	14	247	25	262	1	28	20,855	26,579	44,884	KILMARNOCK.	
858	47	47	19	85	1	1	11,628	14,225	24,152	KILMARNOCK.	
68	39	145	11	121	1	114	19,849	15,229	35,578	KILMARNOCK.	
290	25	569	23	13	1	61	14,378	15,619	36,417	KILMARNOCK.	
174	15	734	3	13	1	1	8,706	8,597	14,330	KILMARNOCK.	
285	17	258	3	83	1	12	17,540	14,403	35,336	KILMARNOCK.	
814	15	881	68	44	55	5	13,216	7,699	36,278	KILMARNOCK.	
129	3	191	9	6	10	1	4,470	1,607	8,145	KILMARNOCK.	
171	25	696	39	597	4	1	17,643	16,344	34,290	KILMARNOCK.	
268	13	427	63	585	4,694	1	48,888	8,833	57,721	KILMARNOCK.	
42	1	164	23	46	1,459	5	15,154	5,572	20,726	KILMARNOCK.	
142	3	144	1	97	84	2	8,754	13,553	21,012	KILMARNOCK.	
7	2	252	25	94	11	96	27,794	8,894	31,985	KILMARNOCK.	
225	4	329	32	70	4	1	22,542	6,719	31,669	KILMARNOCK.	
187	55	484	56	111	1	1	53,747	16,115	69,862	KILMARNOCK.	
174	3	568	3	144	1	1	14,376	27,283	45,022	KILMARNOCK.	
10	8	227	10	67	1	1	18,847	1,844	19,791	KILMARNOCK.	
462	14	649	86	146	16	36	17,491	22,815	39,777	KILMARNOCK.	
227	47	123	15	275	1	62	12,439	31,009	51,009	KILMARNOCK.	
140	11	216	40	102	1	813	22,478	16,466	33,335	KILMARNOCK.	
184	23	117	8	68	1	2	7,225	8,125	14,250	KILMARNOCK.	
427	42	197	17	174	1	167	23,751	12,255	45,815	KILMARNOCK.	
84	13	258	21	30	1	1	14,443	8,407	21,250	KILMARNOCK.	
1,804	43	944	31	942	1	2	14,509	2,998	27,143	KILMARNOCK.	
28	7	308	9	118	1	1	11,203	4,727	12,036	KILMARNOCK.	
816	32	284	3	225	0	101	85,122	15,177	100,299	KILMARNOCK.	
227	32	227	88	51	1	2	17,144	3,729	26,267	KILMARNOCK.	
36,216	3,384	36,048	7,476	57,572	113,464	2,677	3,119,184	1,081,261	3,681,215	Total.	

TABLE IV.—SHOWING, BY POOR LAW UNIONS, THE

POOR LAW UNIONS.	COSTS, GRANTS, AND PAID.								PROCESSES	
	Wages.	Grants.	Reliefs.	Res.	Rep.	Reson.	Trans.			
	Grants of 100 lbs.	Grants of 100 lbs.	Grants of 100 lbs.	Grants of 100 lbs.	Grants of 100 lbs.	Grants of 100 lbs.	Grants of 100 lbs.	Grants of 100 lbs.		
ABINGDON, ...	20,399	86,390	88,180			70				
ADUR, ...	18,977	126,454	420	64		30	4,775	1,220		
ADUR, ...	42,582	126,451	64,460	501		23	4,667	1,064		
ADUR, ...	20,337	215,680	182			349	4,018	483		
ADUR, ...	2,179	108,541	218	89		1,411				
ADUR, ...	53,285	126,471	238,882			1,038				
ADUR, ...	775	77,350				16				
ADUR, ...	113	78,918	3,678	19		50	18			
ADUR, ...	4,496	67,292	4,425	83		1,119	49	167		
ADUR, ...	12,755	129,455	4,687			832	17	15		
ADUR, ...	231	121,387	38,888			12	14,099	69		
ADUR, ...	1,818	87,888	38	45		630		6		
ADUR, ...	2,847	229,630	164	7		157	221	55		
ADUR, ...	1,880	224,378	263			94	229	123		
ADUR, ...	2,767	20,419	219	28		1,267	483	13		
ADUR, ...	1,884	4,079	0,667				589			
ADUR, ...	88,080	112,211	56,846	103		189	20	80		
ADUR, ...	0,682	11,485	7,116	18						
ADUR, ...	10,189	961,322	214			22	32	12		
ADUR, ...	16,118	113,763	20,156			22				
ADUR, ...	7,628	21,300	48			22				
ADUR, ...	727	67,789		36		68				
ADUR, ...	7,821	60,584	102			42	323	18		
ADUR, ...	17,644	92,417	77,548	126		187	127			
ADUR, ...	546	100,196	58	18		311				
ADUR, ...	237	20,569	72			876	11	6		
ADUR, ...	20,588	61,552	11,461							
ADUR, ...	26,251	226,537	72,067	19		13	40	26		
ADUR, ...	6,138	122,313	15,628	69		17				
ADUR, ...	1,228	41,484	41			203		28		
ADUR, ...	18,487	115,779	711							
ADUR, ...	26,163	161,892	28,577	186		221				
ADUR, ...	884	108,113	687	42		479	60			
ADUR, ...	30	108,287								
ADUR, ...	3,029	81,223	15,380	28						
ADUR, ...	512	126,528								
ADUR, ...	13	145,812	26			829	403	42		
ADUR, ...	2,200	14,874	146			25				
ADUR, ...	4,092	176,866	184	8		185	16			
ADUR, ...	28,185	78,249	3,274	179		70	28	80		
ADUR, ...	118	129,292	580	13		522				
ADUR, ...		26,984	1,873			3,449				
ADUR, ...	40,510	121,247	581			47				
ADUR, ...	2,675	122,965	429	18		80	68	22		
ADUR, ...	14,961	63,681	47,664			42				
ADUR, ...	5,227	52,948	281	181		1,252	66			
ADUR, ...	28,918	28,969	681							
ADUR, ...	2,284	502,889	22,663	42		81	3,863	267		
ADUR, ...	12,965	169,777	445	66		1,255	583	30		
ADUR, ...	1,265	126,628		8		68	23			
ADUR, ...	26,854	247,167	42,386	40		177	35	164		
ADUR, ...	4,469	1,065	1,223			196	9			
ADUR, ...	12,841	84,208	6,178			24				
ADUR, ...	492	68,183	22			452		28		
ADUR, ...	862	24,616	4,058	17		687				
ADUR, ...	22,649	27,693	58,734	49						
ADUR, ...	811	76,296	1,208			292	61			
ADUR, ...	128,418	261,002	1,208			576	2,863	1,211		
ADUR, ...	16,423	164,271	71,148	54			687	77		
ADUR, ...	1,019	57,051	6,892			178				
ADUR, ...	27,828	62,668	12,186			25	225	269		
ADUR, ...	21,596	22,426	886	264		36	43	24		
ADUR, ...	81,286	211,238	119,467	50		115	1,666	125		
ADUR, ...		48,255	1,628	80		2,168	27	169		
ADUR, ...	5,678	188,488	80			682	219	29		
ADUR, ...	10,659	85,647	2,791			26				
ADUR, ...	10,618	45,456	325			597	29	11		
ADUR, ...	7,154	82,646	888					12		
ADUR, ...	7,297	180,631	24,614	85		2,286				
ADUR, ...	5,577	28,338	6,186	10		269	1,680	21		
ADUR, ...	27,296	219,351	285,079	43			2,518	167		
ADUR, ...	2,520	88,728	17	16		236	840	27		
ADUR, ...	1,808	11,417	668	3		987	60			
ADUR, ...	23,146	242,580	2,751			12				
ADUR, ...	7,268	71,884	28,747	12		1,208	60	1,492		
ADUR, ...	74	165,020		15		614				
ADUR, ...	10	88,694	1,841			1,838	30			
ADUR, ...	2,865	27,596	238			67				
ADUR, ...	28,828	166,616	48,185				12,008			
ADUR, ...										
ADUR, ...	4,765	81,844	28,283	38		340	22	84		
ADUR, ...		26,874				60	28			

PRODUCE OF THE CROPS.

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PRODUCE OF THE CROPS IN THE YEAR 1882.

OF THE CROPS.										FOOD LAW ENIGMS.
CROPS CASES.										
Persons.	Persons.	Wood Wood Wood	Crops Persons.	Crops.	Victims.	Phs.	Exp.	Exp.		
Persons.	Persons.	Persons.	Persons.	Persons.	Persons.	Persons.	Persons.	Persons.	Persons.	
10,448	44,068	6,461	554	2,073	70	2,100	2,100	7	2,100	ARRESTED.
14,127	13,731	589	120	303	2,100	2,100	2,100	2,100	2,100	ATTORNEY.
10,639	57,449	2,513	120	736	480	210	44	22,731	44	ARRESTED.
24,134	48,643	2,681	107	979	4,432	107,840	77	45,708	77	ARRESTED.
15,082	10,643	1,120	122	2,304	95	23	1,222	26,280	26,280	ATTORNEY.
16,149	113,668	14,362	986	845	145	145	445	40,051	40,051	ARREST.
5,535	5,535	410	84	615	185	30,057	16	15,089	15,089	RAILROADS.
11,020	16,532	598	20	3,240	424	2,301	54	6,486	6,486	RAILROADS.
6,565	27,539	2,548	104	2,439	100	34	2,625	26,579	26,579	RAILROADS.
17,286	30,724	2,898	77	3,302	59	160	615	14,822	14,822	RAILROADS.
10,609	12,088	184	20	419	200	27,460	1	8,877	8,877	RAILROADS.
10,731	10,438	3,182	103	1,881	204	204	93	34,045	34,045	RAILROADS.
10,302	6,047	288	40	187	290	161,870	-	34,424	34,424	RAILROADS.
21,271	21,271	326	115	658	654	175,622	-	34,390	34,390	RAILROADS.
10,120	3,593	946	35	4,064	18	5,125	-	29,071	29,071	RAILROADS.
7,829	2,694	320	20	458	16	-	5	3,360	3,360	RAILROADS.
10,427	14,089	1,200	202	140	278	-	-	22,807	22,807	RAILROADS.
10,308	10,286	5,532	480	2,877	75	-	-	22,005	22,005	RAILROADS.
21,202	21,489	896	42	180	286	203,464	59	36,432	36,432	RAILROADS.
9,638	32,033	2,792	750	1,320	612	10	6	17,210	17,210	RAILROADS.
8,304	8,303	1,698	12	710	167	-	-	3,303	3,303	RAILROADS.
5,071	1,880	481	4	4,695	64	30	-	27,518	27,518	RAILROADS.
1,481	11,523	1,287	44	1,523	204	18,727	17	28,202	28,202	RAILROADS.
5,329	1,383	294	6	1,359	139	209	-	2,372	2,372	RAILROADS.
6,663	48,679	2,145	274	1,323	203	-	305	15,443	15,443	RAILROADS.
17,708	6,610	747	58	4,805	23	52	21	44,317	44,317	RAILROADS.
8,925	5,630	645	11	4,884	14	115	478	10,030	10,030	RAILROADS.
7,408	10,325	1,187	180	2,789	62	-	-	30,781	30,781	RAILROADS.
22,744	84,023	2,680	930	2,822	122	-	-	5,435	5,435	RAILROADS.
5,546	12,708	595	10	680	345	28,500	5	10,308	10,308	RAILROADS.
10,377	3,373	224	62	2,645	48	817	33	36,427	36,427	RAILROADS.
10,550	23,772	4,677	827	3,912	54	-	-	17,388	17,388	RAILROADS.
10,743	22,330	2,922	258	2,773	344	-	-	28,375	28,375	RAILROADS.
12,305	12,549	285	20	3,021	193	1,321	87	10,874	10,874	RAILROADS.
13,440	14,306	504	18	684	68	120,716	-	12,072	12,072	RAILROADS.
5,389	5,569	293	31	1,444	18	-	22	35,376	35,376	RAILROADS.
5,280	16,445	287	18	741	142	20,540	35	22,180	22,180	RAILROADS.
22,546	12,272	1,052	42	4,464	120	40	257	50,172	50,172	RAILROADS.
8,940	2,346	559	64	832	32	207	-	4,546	4,546	RAILROADS.
22,222	2,361	2,534	36	2,532	150	42,334	245	84,901	84,901	RAILROADS.
8,901	10,863	4,385	111	469	12	90	115	28,730	28,730	RAILROADS.
8,516	23,277	284	18	2,482	216	-	655	11,807	11,807	RAILROADS.
11,742	1,819	821	50	1,835	48	-	210	3,620	3,620	RAILROADS.
16,747	10,916	1,283	57	2,947	54	-	-	14,820	14,820	RAILROADS.
8,437	13,380	229	23	1,84	100	43,180	87	16,716	16,716	RAILROADS.
10,104	20,846	4,120	1,005	1,160	331	5,331	-	11,473	11,473	RAILROADS.
5,772	4,957	1,103	19	59	87	23,230	35	22,180	22,180	RAILROADS.
7,287	11,784	1,830	380	2,020	107	-	23	14,795	14,795	RAILROADS.
16,047	33,697	1,044	143	1,051	289	155,730	55	27,007	27,007	RAILROADS.
10,424	10,693	730	93	607	393	97,260	14	20,245	20,245	RAILROADS.
8,013	11,011	274	151	2,232	287	182,637	186	23,747	23,747	RAILROADS.
20,052	73,052	20,225	482	4,392	4,253	-	16	27,345	27,345	RAILROADS.
5,454	4,558	658	69	885	9	26	14	7,230	7,230	RAILROADS.
6,264	11,589	2,465	283	461	763	29	90	27,769	27,769	RAILROADS.
6,357	18,053	2,517	174	1,064	24	25	283	20,374	20,374	RAILROADS.
8,022	4,768	808	-	1,181	39	107	3	7,068	7,068	RAILROADS.
6,029	10,846	1,732	138	786	47	-	20	12,162	12,162	RAILROADS.
11,079	1,546	649	89	807	6	13,714	23	27,774	27,774	RAILROADS.
21,121	21,247	3,778	172	206	1,059	155,633	285	31,284	31,284	RAILROADS.
6,270	31,209	2,545	136	237	1,013	731	-	20,714	20,714	RAILROADS.
7,309	10,819	1,200	53	1,201	261	664	45	10,894	10,894	RAILROADS.
11,738	6,472	2,768	257	7,513	235	-	-	12,037	12,037	RAILROADS.
6,080	5,447	2,449	184	9,237	26	-	-	16,187	16,187	RAILROADS.
20,719	60,769	3,099	644	1,464	448	41,415	3	20,719	20,719	RAILROADS.
6,285	4,104	120	45	601	271	5,815	-	1,079	1,079	RAILROADS.
20,916	17,354	1,174	60	478	655	115,088	79	20,908	20,908	RAILROADS.
6,460	13,059	3,678	296	2,141	40	-	42	7,147	7,147	RAILROADS.
11,528	5,581	1,200	895	5,116	880	834	430	10,279	10,279	RAILROADS.
5,963	6,538	1,198	92	121	10	-	30	81,738	81,738	RAILROADS.
6,252	21,863	4,356	273	1,036	41	146	1,053	40,267	40,267	RAILROADS.
8,298	15,009	4,453	467	1,790	47	37	-	36,706	36,706	RAILROADS.
20,037	48,631	1,281	482	7,266	225	-	-	23,574	23,574	RAILROADS.
14,651	4,732	1,242	95	1,742	229	14,290	7	57,129	57,129	RAILROADS.
8,190	8,556	2,143	25	1,077	81	247	264	20,709	20,709	RAILROADS.
14,730	47,614	4,134	268	1,595	460	440	-	22,545	22,545	RAILROADS.
22,128	22,778	4,482	84	1,091	144	275	1,077	11,969	11,969	RAILROADS.
5,430	10,289	214	10	2,673	63	40	426	11,570	11,570	RAILROADS.
19,045	371	68	10	2,161	121	39	-	23,788	23,788	RAILROADS.
4,147	3,124	845	124	1,064	70	44	8	27,400	27,400	RAILROADS.
10,514	20,200	4,102	154	1,276	20	-	-	24,440	24,440	RAILROADS.
11,545	15,354	2,907	27	1,356	26	25	1,230	10,846	10,846	RAILROADS.
4,453	6,098	17	-	453	22	10,780	-	6,724	6,724	RAILROADS.

TABLE IV.—SHOWING, BY POOR LAW UNIONS, THE

POOR LAW UNIONS.	PRODUCE						
	CORN, GRASS, AND FRUIT.						
	Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Peas.	Beans.	Turns.	Other.
	Acres of 110 lbs.	Acres of 110 lbs.	Acres of 110 lbs.	Acres of 110 lbs.	Acres of 110 lbs.	Acres of 110 lbs.	Acres of 110 lbs.
GRANARD, ...	882	126,294	314	100	208	18	
LOUGHRENN, ...	88	142,251	11,223	60	2,182		
LOUGHRENN, ...	1,424	68,127	55		448	150	
KANTON, ...	30,112	14,299	233		54		
KELLS, ...	1,486	116,588	699		112	18	22
KESH, ...	86	14,387	30		68		
KILASH, ...	14,789	75,463	321		126		
KILASH, ...	32,880	95,787	60,685	20			
KILLASH, ...	4,078	18,316	1,316	18	276	202	
KILLASH, ...	43	55,127	5,182		15		
KILLASH, ...	5,442	96,418	1,031		270		
KILLASH, ...	3,417	65,374	946				
KILLASH, ...	33,658	60,168	572				
KILLASH, ...	5,082	25,515	446	18	1,540	4,419	63
KILLASH, ...	16,711	85,222	56,925		80	22	
LAGAN, ...	18,814	131,513	626			20,898	26
LOUGHRENN, ...	400	122,704	22			12	214
LOUGHRENN, ...	4,182	22,717	11,027		8,980	2,324	426
LOUGHRENN, ...	7,856	164,892	24,732	51	125	207	50
LOUGHRENN, ...	28,140	241,457	600	14	881	1,307	218
LEININCH, ...	13,880	126,018	921		353	65	
LOUGHRENN, ...	4,054	64,184	54	81	317	33	138
LOUGHRENN, ...	2,510	47,920	10,506		845	209	
LOUGHRENN, ...	3,785	428,725	694			4,178	437
LOUGHRENN, ...	2,880	81,325	387	52	891	103	
LOUGHRENN, ...	8,329	71,500	2,648		383		
LOUGHRENN, ...	26,580	132,321	1,888		83	4,105	43
LOUGHRENN, ...	25,362	165,900	656		18		
LOUGHRENN, ...	16,520	222,133	161	12	1,418	236	39
LOUGHRENN, ...	24,718	143,269	1,202				
LOUGHRENN, ...	886	46,329	84	11	203		
LOUGHRENN, ...	14,488	171,253	187,723				
LOUGHRENN, ...	180	131,180	3,847	11	206	24	3,772
LOUGHRENN, ...	3,544	38,792		8	5		
LOUGHRENN, ...	7,078	27,112	183		27		
LOUGHRENN, ...	1,429	61,029	36		62		
LOUGHRENN, ...	5,562	196,589	370		129	643	47
LOUGHRENN, ...	171	12,131	317		208	15	25
LOUGHRENN, ...	49,484	108,025	108,025	83	146		
LOUGHRENN, ...	577	136,664	637	29	206		
LOUGHRENN, ...	31,724	162,181	27,874	119	2,388		21
LOUGHRENN, ...	10,029	73,182	1,101	35	77	43	63
LOUGHRENN, ...	10,021	141,072	28,270	148	36		
LOUGHRENN, ...	24,970	44,968	711	115	20	8	18
LOUGHRENN, ...	11	10,582	182	23	14,288	49	15
LOUGHRENN, ...	27,789	217,260	238,231		628	709	
LOUGHRENN, ...	15,118	169,128	470	20	64	64	42
LOUGHRENN, ...	31,888	22,081	2,799	64	128	12,890	180
LOUGHRENN, ...	422	11,229	155	28	101		16
LOUGHRENN, ...	82	207,662			72	20	
LOUGHRENN, ...	4,762	58,182	4,487		55		
LOUGHRENN, ...	26,207	174,168	56,294	201	2,281	17	11
LOUGHRENN, ...	7,241	49,028	4,680	28	685		8
LOUGHRENN, ...	16,027	44,781	2,212		14		
LOUGHRENN, ...	35,646	135,026	7,882			68	12
LOUGHRENN, ...	31,001	66,433	8,082				
LOUGHRENN, ...	10,027	26,208	58		1,023		
LOUGHRENN, ...	10,022	64,228	10,426	646	12	14	
LOUGHRENN, ...	3,508	20,220	788				
LOUGHRENN, ...	4,482	110,648	12,462	65	43		
LOUGHRENN, ...	31,808	61,207	2,289	20	713	70	
LOUGHRENN, ...	16,015	16,428	7,030		01	21	34
LOUGHRENN, ...	3,060	84,085	417		1,431	52	36
LOUGHRENN, ...	3,107	420,075	12			14	
LOUGHRENN, ...	1,010	112,708					
LOUGHRENN, ...	2,216	37,118	149		1,081		
LOUGHRENN, ...	37	147,886	286		2,648		
LOUGHRENN, ...	23,071	110,887	67,029		17		29
LOUGHRENN, ...	5,072	205,136	12,674	218			11
LOUGHRENN, ...	22,105	169,202	647	14	48		
LOUGHRENN, ...	10	79,542	13		37		
LOUGHRENN, ...	25,630	24,768	38,206	20	239		
LOUGHRENN, ...	15,786	114,340	1,463	146	621	15	9
LOUGHRENN, ...	8,280	132,170	2,026	79	1,777		205
LOUGHRENN, ...	5,880	49,649	602		303		
LOUGHRENN, ...	29,805	120,520	64,727	118	907	58	21
LOUGHRENN, ...	5,021	70,611	41,210				
LOUGHRENN, ...	29,845	131,825	8,288			43	35
LOUGHRENN, ...	1,874	81,348	307		199		
LOUGHRENN, ...	15,128	87,447	128,280	48	272	55,205	180
LOUGHRENN, ...	11,215	113,637	35,111	16	11		
TOTAL, ...	2,975,469	18,295,485	2,733,214	5,232	64,403	183,728	12,945

PRODUCE OF THE CROPS.

19

PRODUCE OF THE CROPS IN THE YEAR 1882—continued

OF THE CROPS.										POOR LAW UNION.	
OTHER CROPS.											
Wheat.	Barley.	Wheat and Barley.	Oats.	Hay.	Wheat.	Barley.	Wheat and Barley.	Oats.	Hay.	Wheat.	Barley.
12,015	11,848	1,211	87	8,868	154	2,823	58	45,065	GRASSLAND.		
16,055	50,179	723	87	1,955	2,830	1,534	57	6,516	INDUSTRIES.		
4,925	4,659	464	87	4,335	54,768	46,104		16,534	INTRODUCED.		
14,026	16,772	2,844	230	4,681	551	425	425	26,883	LABOUR.		
7,760	16,835	2,273	144	1,537	39	263	75	26,883	RELI.		
8,563	2,610	776	100	2,355	223		11	7,745	REWARD.		
15,736	7,865	854	40	139	45	51,630		1,000	REWARD.		
8,124	16,171	1,547	80	1,843	125			35,193	REWARD.		
1,428	3,679	5,614	88	1,171	15	154		10,328	REWARD.		
4,064	5,677	72	42	723	28	1,557		6,528	REWARD.		
22,135	7,648	1,122	87	4,843	260	519	277	30,000	REWARD.		
3,348	8,604	5,643	92	1,055	12			5,529	REWARD.		
14,160	6,239	1,659	103	2,703	71		29	70,641	REWARD.		
19,465	7,723	5,628	147	1,196	40	322		30,148	REWARD.		
4,280	56,747	1,702	430	351	583			12,478	REWARD.		
8,239	19,583	178	6	18	870	4,297		85,385	REWARD.		
5,580	26,486	4,666	42	2,244	493	44,722		5,005	REWARD.		
16,165	47,414	567	84	1,438	1,775	77,000	35	27,868	REWARD.		
15,367	21,620	7,726	746	6,148	92	1,046		69,001	REWARD.		
20,220	50,466	1,907	143	750	2,035	102,323	34	41,121	REWARD.		
16,507	16,489	4,594	189	1,847	293		8	6,576	REWARD.		
7,653	8,301	1,666	47	186	339	30,745	40	50,300	REWARD.		
16,200	10,346	4,455	375	2,252	810	166	55	55,813	REWARD.		
24,691	106,734	4,465	369	6,737	3,589	56,416	40	17,860	REWARD.		
11,515	8,177	1,466	26	8,745	147	5,555	39	62,653	REWARD.		
8,631	18,193	1,865	89	2,156	125	74	4,345	26,145	REWARD.		
16,711	18,254	1,140	49	121	1,830	41,918	35	51,750	REWARD.		
17,791	59,736	6,738	132	2,646	4,183		227	22,770	REWARD.		
16,630	16,022	704	49	1,400	476	155,816	41	31,788	REWARD.		
14,062	20,081	4,074	286	1,703	1,615	80		38,586	REWARD.		
15,855	4,214	873		4,976	75	840	4	35,460	REWARD.		
11,737	65,215	28,254	176	1,142	1,119			15,576	REWARD.		
14,228	14,860	8,977	72	1,222	1,115	32,447	58	5,487	REWARD.		
6,718	4,606	3,822	46	4,458	701		29	15,787	REWARD.		

OBSERVATIONS

OF THE

SUB-INSPECTORS OF THE ROYAL IRISH CONSTABULARY AND OF THE
INSPECTORS OF THE METROPOLITAN POLICE,

WHO ACTED AS SUPERINTENDENTS OF THE AGRICULTURAL STATISTICAL,

IN REPLY TO A CIRCULAR DATED OCTOBER 31st, 1882, ON THE PROPER CAUSE TO WHICH THE GOOD
OR BAD YIELD OF THE VARIOUS CROPS IN EACH OF THEIR DISTRICTS MAY BE ATTRIBUTED.FACTORY OF
LONDON.

PROVINCE OF LEINSTER.

CARLOW COUNTY. *Superintendent D.*—All the crops in this district were good this year. The potato crop, although a good one, was not so good as last year, owing to the heavy rain. *Carlow D.*—The decrease in the produce this year is generally attributable to the continued rainy season, together with the coldness of the climate. The corn crops produced an abundance of straw, but the grain did not ripen till rather late, and consequently had a poor yield. On soil having generally both the yield was somewhat fair, but the soil having beds of clay of a retentive nature, yielded very poorly. The potato crop suffered from similar causes. The champion suffered least, while the Scotch Broom suffered most. Mangold, turnip, &c., are a light yield, especially the turnip, attributable to same causes—i.e., cold and rain which caused the seeds either to burst or perish. On the whole the general opinion is that the cold and rainy season is the principal cause for the decrease in the yield of the crops in this district. *Twelve D.*—I beg to report that of cereal crops produced in this district this year, the quantity of straw in each kind is much greater than that produced in last or former years. The quantity of grain produced in the wheat crop, and which consisted of about one-third of the whole grown in the district, is about one-third less than the produce of last year, and the quality is also inferior. This deterioration is attributed to heavy rainfalls in July, during the blossoming, and to heavy mists thereafter, and want of heat and warmth of sun. Barley, which is a tender crop, is greatly inferior this year, both in quantity and quality, as compared with last, owing to heavy mists lodging the stalks, and seriously damaging the ripening of the grain. Oats is a full crop, and I should think, equal to the produce in grain of last year, and superior as to growth in straw; but the grain this year is inferior in quality—some of the causes above mentioned have contributed to this result. Of the green crops, potatoes, as to yield, are about half the crop of last year—the quality is averagely good. Turnips are equal to last year's crop, so are mangolds and cabbages. Chillingham is a good crop, and are much grown in the district. Hay is this year about double the produce of last, but owing to heavy mists, during the time of sowing, large quantities of it have been lost, and in many instances it has not realised the rest of the soil producing it.

DUBLIN COUNTY. *Sub-Inspector D.*—All through this district there was a very fair yield of all crops. The appearance and produce were most favourable, and apparent sterility was manifest, but subsequently potatoes and hay suffered somewhat from stiff weather and long continued wet, but there will be no want felt. *Clonsilla D.*—The potato crop in this district was not considered a good yield this year, and is attributed to the damp season and want of heat. Hay was a good crop as regards quantity. *Dundrum D.*—Wheat and

potatoes are deficient in this district, owing to the wet in summer months of this year, and disease having attacked some of the potato crops. The wheat suffered much from the wet in July, about which time it was ripening. Oats and hay are good crops, from the fact of the summer being so wet. The hay is abundant, but not well saved; in most instances mangold was also a good crop, from same cause. The yield of other crops was about the average. *Kingscourt D.*—Potatoes of all descriptions are an average good crop, but not so good as last year, which was an exceptionally good year for potatoes. The blight set in at last August, and caused considerable damage—a great amount of them are now becoming black. Champions proved the best crop. Wheat was slightly damaged by the rain in last July, other crops may be put down as an average good crop. The July rain made the green crops good—the turnips are not so good a crop as average. *Liscara D.*—The produce of the several crops in each electoral division in this district, is but—much inferior in quantity and quality to the past few years, which is attributable to the very unfavourable state of weather—both while sowing the seed and collecting the produce—thereby rendering the soil unfit for tilling in the first instance. *Meath D.*—The potato crop was not so good as last year, owing to the wet weather, and there was a better yield of hay owing to the same cause. The corn produce was about equal to last year. *Monaghan D.*—I beg to state that the average produce of the crops is about the same as last year, with the exception of potatoes and hay (which is not at all so good), and this is attributed to the fact of there being too much rain—more especially during the last couple of months.

KILBARR COUNTY. *Atty D.*—The yield of wheat, barley, potatoes, and mangolds was below the average. Oats was generally a good crop. Turnips not so good a crop as that of last year. Early manure was heavy, but a good deal was lost in sowing owing to the bad weather. Late manure an average crop, but suffered in sowing. The inferior yield may generally be attributed to the very wet season. *Kildare D.*—The yield of all cereal crops is not so good this year as last season. The wet season prevented the crops from being planted in proper time, and the ripening season was not favourable. A good deal of oats in this neighbourhood was shed before being cut, and the late storms injured a good deal of barley and oats in stock. There has been a good return of hay, but the late cutting is almost useless. *Nass D.*—Owing to the wetness of the season, the crops are not considered good. They all promised fair—particularly hay, potatoes, barley, and roots—but the heavy rain has injured most of them. Hay is the best crop this year. Potatoes are turning bad; weather most unfavourable for digging out. Turnips are doing best of the roots, and if the mangolds can be taken out soon they will be a fair

crop. *Robertson D.*—The average produce in this district is fair. Hay is exceedingly good, the season being suited for it. The potato crop is not as good as last year, as I understand there is a great deal of them rotten. The turnips are not as good as last year. I presume the season is the cause of it.

KILKENNY COUNTY. Collins D.—The only cause to which the bad yield of potatoes and turnips can be attributed is the general inclemency of the weather during the past season. In some instances the yield of the potato crop has been very bad in consequence of being sown very late in the season. The yield of hay was, on the whole, fairly good; but, owing to the almost continuous rain that fell during the summer and harvest, farmers experienced great difficulty in sowing the crop, more particularly around this district, where labourers are few and therefore in greater demand, the result being that a great deal of hay rotted on the ground. *Condon D.*—The hay crop this year was very plentiful, but owing to the difficulty of saving it, on account of the continuous rain during the summer, its quality is very inferior. The potato crop is a failure on account of the continuous wet weather, and the same remark applies to the oats. The turnips are an average crop. *Johnston D.*—Owing to inclemency of the past season, nearly every description of crops has decreased in quantity of yield, particularly the potato crop, which is not by any means as productive as the people in the early part of the season anticipated, bearing in mind the very productive yield they had in 1881. *Kilbey D.*—The difference in produce of crops this year, as compared with last year, is chiefly owing to the difference in season. *Pfaff D.*—Owing to the late inclement harvest, the yield of potatoes, wheat, and oats was not so good as that of the previous year. The potatoes became diseased very early, and are, generally speaking, smaller than last year. The oats and wheat grain to some extent are swayed, consequent on the heavy rain when they were becoming ripe. All root crops can be favourably compared with those of last year. *Roberts D.*—I find that the bad yield of the crops was caused by the season being so wet at the time of planting, which caused them to be late, and also the season being cold and wet at the time that such crop should require heat to come to maturity; and my opinion is that farmers do not pay the same attention to the management of their farms as they used to do. *Fleming D.*—I believe the low rate of produce to be owing to the continued rains in the early part of the season; and I further believe the late harvest to have been much injured by the storms, especially any usent corn.

Kink's County. Edsberry D.—I beg to report that, owing to constant wet, the oat crop in this district, though very promising at first, and most luxuriant, was lodged early, and proved low in quantity, much being wasted from lying, and from the continued violence of weather. Price very low—black oats, 9s. 6d.; best white, 10s. 6d. a barrel. Little wheat in locality. Rye a fair crop, but not extensively sown, except by small farmers, on moorland. Potatoes, I believe, would still be an average crop if the weather were cleared now. Hay a heavy crop, but a very large quantity badly soiled, and of bad quality consequently. A large acreage on low-lying land completely useless, except for manure. Drainage much required in a large portion of the district. Turnips abundant in number, but, except the early crop, very deficient in size, but should open weather continue for six weeks, I believe there will be still a fair crop, including mangold. Tillage has turned out so badly, and labour so high, although scarcely enough for the labourer, that I have been informed by several extensive farmers, who heretofore tilled extensively, that they are determined, as far as possible, to throw all their land into grass. Granting for any man, with suitable land and reasonable capital, is the only chance of living

by land in this most variable climate, and meeting foreign rivals. *Fairlie D.*—The yield of all crops in this district appears to be rather below the average for this season. This is, probably, owing to the severe storms and floods that have occurred, and to the fact that the greater part of this district consists of low-lying, boggy lands, which are for the most part seriously injured by a long continuance of wet weather. *Parsons D.*—Wheat and barley. The wet season was severe on these crops in certain lands, and, if planted in heavy land, were not so good as in medium soil, being cut down by heavy rain, without having filled properly. Oats was pretty fair in all lands, the only difference being that the heavy land produced somewhat a better yield than light, and it agrees with a certain amount of rain. Turnips: The dry has a good deal to do with the quantity in the ground, and also the different kind of soil planted, which would cause a great difference in yield of crop on exactly the same description of soil. Potatoes: The disease attacked the potatoes very early in the season, and also the frost was more severe in kind of a boggy nature, and lying near to water, than on good, dry land of a light nature. Hay: There is very little difference, but the old meadows are considered the best, being more frequently mowed. A great deal of meadowing in low lands was rendered useless this year by the wet season. *Shivers D.*—I have ascertained that the yield of the several crops is bad, particularly wheat, potatoes, and turnips. The cause of this is attributed to the wet season. A great deal of corn was lodged and damaged in consequence. *Pullmore D.*—The produce is below the average of other years, and the cause is believed to be in consequence of the wet season. The potato crop is much worse now than was expected in the earlier part of the season, in consequence of the almost constant rain.

LOTFORD COUNTY. Sullivan D.—The crops in general are bad in this district, owing to the wetness of the season. *Gwynn D.*—I consider the oat crop an average one in this district. The same applies to turnips and mangolds. As to the potato crop, I consider it will not be half what it was last year. I attribute this to the very wet season we have had. The above are the only crops grown in this district.

LOUTH COUNTY. Anon D.—The cause of the bad yield of the crops was the cold, wet summer and harvest. The potato crop is very much diseased, particularly rots and blight. *Sherry D.*—The potato crop is the only one which I consider necessary to make any observations on; and in this crop there is a large decrease in the yield, which I attribute to the very wet summer. Owing to the large quantity of rain which fell in the month of June, the tubers were prevented being formed; and the blight setting in early in July, the potato crop was very much injured. The yield is very little over half that of last year. *Darwell D.*—The crops generally in this district are up to the average, with the exception of barley, which is inferior.

MERTH COUNTY. Ashley D.—The potato crop is not good this year, which may be attributed to the very wet season. In some cases there is a full crop—this occurred when they were planted in dry weather. I was told of one case where in the same field and with the same manure and same potatoes one man had a full crop (and splendid potatoes for eating) and the man next to him had only half a crop (of bad ones). This is attributed to the sowing: the bad crop was set with the plough after wet weather, and the good crop was covered with the shovel. They were planted in drills in both cases. The wet injured the corn at time of planting and cutting, and the wind shed a good share of it. The excessive wet injured the green crops and there is a good deal of hay still on the ground which never can be saved. There is not

Produce of
Lansdown.

**PARISH OF
LANSHAM.**

much tillage in this district. *Dunsborough D.*—The good yield in hay is due to the favourable season, the failure of the potato crop to the wet and disease, and the bad yield of the other crops is due to the wet summer and harvest. *Kells D.*—I have to observe that owing to the exceptionally wet season that has passed the potato, turnip, and cereal crops are inferior to former years in quality as well as quantity. This apparently is caused by the fact that they could not be sown as early as in former years, and their being injured by the dampness before the tubers or grains respectively had had time to properly develop themselves. From a similar cause hay is an extra crop, the wet season having been favourable to it, but it is not well sown. All other crops grown in this district are on an average with preceding years. *Naas D.*—The general yield of all kinds of crops this year has been fair, and in all cases when it is below the average it has been caused by an unusually wet season. *Shane D.*—The crops are not quite up to the average, owing I think, in a great measure to the wet season. Potatoes especially have been bad, which fact is attributable to the damp as well. *Trillick D.*—Owing to the spring rains, oats and hay have been abundant and good this year. The same cause injured the potatoes, which is a great extent are black. Turnips are a good crop. There is hardly any wheat and no barley grown in this neighbourhood.

QUEEN'S COUNTY. *Abbeyleix D.*—The yield of crops in this district, for this year, has been fair. The wet weather, particularly in July and August, has greatly interfered with crops which would otherwise have been over the average produce. Late sowing I believe also to be a cause to which the failure may, in many cases be attributed. The potato crop is not an average which may also be accounted for by the reason given above. *Ballynascorney D.*—I consider the probable cause of the bad yield in the various crops may be attributed to the unfavourable weather of the past harvest. *Monaghan D.*—I believe the crops generally have suffered from excess of rain and want of heat. There is at the present moment now this, oats which sown rather late, have never ripened or been cut, and I suppose never will. I have during last week also seen oats in act of cutting, which only presented an appearance of being ripe. Great loss of grain was caused by storms also. *Mountbath D.*—The potato crop is inferior to that of last year, which I attribute to atmospheric and other causes. The barley is also not good and the harvest generally late owing to tempestuous and wet weather.

WESTMIDLAND COUNTY. *Ballynacorney D.*—I consider that the bad yield in the potato crop was principally caused by the wet season. In this part of the country there were last year fully three tons of potatoes in the space of land that this year would scarcely have one ton. The turf (fuel) is very bad this year from the same cause—wet season. The oats in a fair crop, and so is the hay, but turnips and mangel wurzel are very bad—I attribute the cause to the wet season. *Castellford D.*—The crops in this district are fairly average. Potatoes and oats suffered in many cases from the wet season, and in the case of oats from storms in harvest. Hay is abundant, and root crops fair. On the whole, as compared with last year, the deficiency is caused by bad weather in summer and harvest. *Dolans D.*—The potato crop this year is little more than half the yield of last year; turnips about quarter less; mangel about half less; oats about quarter less; hay is a plentiful crop, about fifty per cent. more in yield than last year, but it has been, generally, badly sown. The failure of the potato crop is attributed partly to the frost in the early part of the season, and to the cold and wet weather generally prevalent since, which has also affected the other crops. *Killegassan D.*—The bad yield of all the crops in this district may be attributed to the wet season. *Meete D.*—I consider the bad yield of crops in general mainly due to the bad state of the weather.

Mullingar D.—The only crops of importance in this district are potatoes, hay and oats. The potato crop promised well, but was much damaged by heavy rain. Hay is very plentiful, but the quality of the crop is not good—on account of continuous rain there was great difficulty in saving it. The oat crop is fair, on the whole, but great damage was done by rain. Straw was very abundant.

WESTFORD COUNTY. *Banneworthy D.*—The several crops produced a good yield, but the wetness of the season, and want of sunshine, have moved the prospect; and the inadequacy of the weather, especially for the last week, has prevented the corn, &c., from being brought from the fields to the bargards, and the potatoes cannot be got out of the land. Mothers are beginning to look scarce. *Corry D.*—The crops in general this year are far below the average. The excessive humidity and great scarcity of sunshine now, I consider, the chief causes of this. Taking the crops separately—hay has been a very fair crop, and where cut and sown in the fine weather the yield was most satisfactory. A great quantity, however, was damaged considerably by the constant rain. The oat crop was very uncertain. In some places the yield was very good, but in general it was blighted—particularly the black oats. Other cereals were a fair crop, some wheat being particularly so. Potatoes, so far as regards quantity, were better than the average; but the constant rain caused great numbers to rot, and the blight destroyed many. The champion potato has now run its course. It has not yielded so well or might more than other kinds, and new seed is much needed. Want of sun has, in a great measure, destroyed the bean crop, but mangolds, turnips, and cabbages are a very fair crop—the rain being rather advantageous to them. *New Ross D.*—The grain crop, particularly oats, is not considered in the whole a good yield, which is attributable principally to the wetness of the season. The season, however, has favoured the root crop causing a very fair average. The good yield in potatoes is owing to the introduction and extensive sowing of champions. Where old seed has been used the yield has been a poor one. *Sligo D.*—The average produce just now this year was deemed fair enough, but the late terribly inclement weather has fallen very heavily on all kinds of crops—especially on barley, much of which is grown, and is now lying out in the fields sprouting green. *Wexford D.*—The deficiency in the crops has been caused by the exceptionally bad weather of the past summer and autumn.

WICKLOW COUNTY. *Bray D.*—I believe that the yield of the various crops this year (with the exception of hay) is bad on the whole, and in some local divisions in this district, not much more than half that of last year. The probable cause for the deficiency was the inclement rain almost the entire year, and also the unusual coldness of the summer. There was a splendid hay crop, but a good deal of it was injured by the rain. *Dunlavin D.*—The potato crop is considered poor in this district, owing to too much rain during the summer. Hay and oats were an average good crop, but have not produced good yield as the weather did not permit their being sown properly. *Fintona D.*—I believe the cause of the yield of most of the crops in this district being deficient, is attributable to the constant wet season which has generally affected all crops except the hay, which is believed to be a good crop, although considerable difficulty was found in saving it. *Woburn D.*—The produce of the several crops in this district, so far as the grain crops are concerned, is not so good as former years, owing to the very heavy rain during the summer months. The hay, although a heavy crop, was much damaged after being cut, by the bad weather. The potato crop is not near so good as last year, neither are the turnips, mangolds, &c., up to the average of former seasons, which is also attributed to the unfavourable season.

PROVINCE OF MUNSTER.

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CLARE COUNTY. *Ballynagheen D.*—I attribute the good and bad yield of the several crops to the humidity of the season, and also, in the case of potatoes, to the general lateness of the sowing of them. *Ennis D.*—The potato crop is not nearly equal to that of last year. This can only be accounted for by the excessive rainfall. Cereals are good, but have suffered damage from the constant wet. The violent storm of six weeks ago added considerably to the damage done to these crops. The hay crop was abundant, but great difficulty was experienced in saving it on account of the wet weather, and the value of the crop is a good deal decreased in consequence. Root crops are not good, and decidedly inferior to those of last year. The bad weather must also be put down as the cause of the failure of these crops. *Ennistown D.*—The produce of crops, especially of potatoes this year, is very bad in consequence of the wet and stormy weather which prevailed more or less from the spring to the present time. *Kilkeel D.*—The bad yield of crops, especially potatoes and turnips in this district, in my opinion, is owing to the wetness of the season. *Sheddenridge D.*—Owing to the wet season, the crops here have been very bad, and the people consider that it will be a very bad year. *Tulla D.*—The only cause assigned in this district for the bad yield is the constant wet, and bad drainage.

COKE COUNTY, E.R. *Ballynally D.*—Where the land is dry there has been a very good return of the various crops, but where the land is not so, the yield has not been so good. *Charleville D.*—The yield of the various crops this year has been bad, chiefly owing to the very unsettled weather which prevailed during the autumn. Some farmers hardly consider it worth while to dig their potatoes out of the ground. Another cause is, so I think, the state of the country, which prevented farmers from sowing as much as formerly. *Cork, North D.*—The wheat, oats, and barley crops decreased in yield, owing to the season being wet, and not having been sown in proper time. The potato crop yielded badly, owing to frost in month of May, and an early visitation of blight. The hay crop was almost as good in yield as usual, having grown well owing to the moisture. Mangel-wurzel, turnips, and cabbage yielded fairly, having been sown in proper time and well attended to. *Cork, South D.*—The bad yield in wheat, oats, and barley in this district was caused by the wet season, the grain not having filled properly. The potato crop was not as good as in former years, owing to frost in the month of May, and an early visitation of the blight. Hay yielded fairly, having grown well owing to wet weather. Mangel-wurzel produced a good average yield, as did also turnips and cabbage, &c., they having been sown in time, and then properly attended to. *Ferney D.*—Favourable weather has been the cause of good crops during this year. *Kesh D.*—There is a general decrease in all the crops in the several electoral divisions in this district, owing, I am informed, to the continual wet season in this part of the country. *Kesh D.*—The yield of the various crops has been good, probably in consequence of the continued dry weather during the summer. *Malles D.*—The crops have been fair on the whole. *Middleton D.*—The crops throughout this district were far beyond the average. Hay very good, and in great abundance. Oats, &c. Barley was a heavy crop, but in many instances spoiled by the rain at commencement of summer. Potatoes good, but I hear now of blight in many places. *Midleton D.*—The only crop in which any marked falling off appears is the potato, and this is entirely due to the exceptionally wet season. *Queretown D.*—The harvest this year has, with the exception of "hog," been below the average. The wet weather, which continued until the middle of July, injured most of the grain crops, especially wheat. The oat crop went too much to straw, and is not a good crop. Potatoes were good up to the beginning of October, but the wet weather which has since prevailed has materially

injured them, and I have seen some fields being dug out, the value of the produce of which would hardly repay the cost of the labour. The "Champions" are beginning to show more signs of disease than in former years. Hay was dear until the middle of July, when fine weather setting in for a while caused an abundant crop. Only that there was unusually fine weather in September, the harvest this year would have been lost. *Fogarty D.*—The potato crop is much inferior to that of past two years, which is attributable to bad weather. Yield of corn good, but quality inferior when compared with last year, also attributable to the weather.

COKE COUNTY, W.R. *Bandon D.*—This peasant has been a good agricultural year. The potato crop promised extremely well up to the early autumn, when a period of wet weather caused a good deal of disease. It will be noticed that the "Champion" still gives the biggest produce. The price at present is higher than usual. The hay crop is very fine, owing to the abundance of rain; and the quantity of feeding grass has been, and still is for the time of year, very unusually large. The price of cattle, the principal source of wealth in this district, is high. Corn of all kinds promised to be a very fine crop, and is certainly above average, though there are many disappointments in the yield, owing to the ears, though long and large, not being filled with grain. The rainfall of the summer was a little too great for a very large corn and potato crop, though hay, grass, roots, and cabbage are unusually good. *Bantry D.*—The grain crop was much injured by wet weather, which lessened the produce considerably. The produce of the potato crop was reduced about two-thirds by blight. *Castletown-Bore D.*—The rates of produce for the several electoral divisions were low, on account of the greater part of my district being barren mountain land, very poor, and unable to yield good crops, generally manured with seaweed. *Glenties D.*—The yield of the crops in this district is this year over the average, which, I am informed, is the result of favourable weather acting on a good soil. *Dunmurry D.*—It appears that the crops are not as good as last year. Potatoes, turnips, mangolds, and grain crops suffered much from a late spring and constant wet weather. The potato crop, though very much inferior to that of last year, is a fair crop. Hay is a fair crop. Wet weather appears to have been very detrimental to the crops this year. *Malinbeg D.*—I attribute the good yield of the various crops to good ground, good cultivation, and favourable weather; and to the opposite conditions I attribute the bad yield. *Malin D.*—The yield of the various crops is about the average, excepting potatoes and wheat. Along the seashores there has been a marked decrease in the potato crop of this year, compared with '81; and this is attributed to the bad weather which prevailed early in the year, and the blight appears to have taken effect while the potato was young. Wheat does not appear to be up to the average this year, owing to the unreasonable nature of the weather, but this is not a wheat-growing district, and, as far as the cultivation of crops is concerned, is not, except in a few thriving spots, far advanced beyond its primitive condition. *Shillbanna D.*—In this district the yield of all crops was good. This is attributable to climatic influences only. Seed-time was dry and favourable for sowing operations, and during the whole period of growth the temperature was equable, without excess of moisture. The style of farming in this locality is very bad, especially as regards weeds, which are permitted to grow with the crops unchecked, and then, when the crop is mowed, immense masses of weeds are burned, which if collected and allowed to rot would form valuable manure. I passed a field in which potatoes were being dug last week. The weeds were neatly collected in heaps of, say, 7 ewe to 9 square yards; these will be let dry and then burned at great loss, while if all were sorted into a mass each heap would give over 3 cwt. of valuable manure. Of course, it would be

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better still if the tillage had been such as to prevent the ground being exhausted by the growth of these weeds. A system of small prizes for well-managed farms would do much to improve the system of agriculture in this province.

KERRY COUNTY. *Cabotville D.*—The yield of crops is bad, the probable cause being the wet season. *Single D.*—I believe that all the crops have been fairly successful, and have mostly been well saved. The hay crop is unusually heavy, due to spring rains, and in the majority of cases was well saved, but some was spoiled by storm and rain. The potato crop is diseased (especially the Champion unweeded seed in poor ground) in some spots. The Champignons are hollow and gritty when boiled, and are not adapted to poor quality ground or peaty soil. This is mainly a pasture-farming district, and the crops are unimportant. *Kennecott D.*—The principal crops grown in this district are—hay, oats, potatoes, turnips, and mangolds. Hay is an average crop. The maximum of the crops are under an average, and the probable cause is the "wet season." *Killarney D.*—I consider that the exceptionally wet season has nearly everything to say to the poor yield of the various crops in this district. The crops have not been bad, but, on the other hand, they are not as good as they were last year. *Lisnaskea D.*—The deficiency of the crops in some of the electoral divisions is to be attributed to the wetness of the summer, and the effect it had on a moist soil. *Trillick D.*—The bad yield of the various crops generally is attributable to the excessive rains of last summer.

LIMERICK COUNTY. *Bruff D.*—The produce in every description of crop grown in this district is very little more than half of what the produce was in 1881. The potato crop is only estimated this year to about one-third of what it was last year and the year before (1880). The cause assigned is the inclement season. I may say of the hay crop it was most abundant, but the difficulty in saving it was so great that one-third of it is only fit for litter. The produce in butter is fully one-eighth less than last year. I regret I cannot go further into detail on the subject of this report. I was unable to give the matter so much attention throughout the year, owing to the other laborious and pressing duties of my district, as I would have otherwise done. *Kilkeena D.*—I attribute the cause of the bad crops this year, in this part of the county, to the constant rainy weather during the summer and autumn. Hay was the only productive crop we had, about here. The oat crop was lodged, and yielded badly in consequence. *Lisnaskea D.*—The yield is very fair. *Scarriffe D.*—The crops generally were a good average, but the corn suffered much in quality and quantity by the recent continuous wet. The potatoes suffered very much from the same cause, and in wet, low grounds there will scarcely be any yield. *New Pallas D.*—The crops in the several electoral divisions of this district were bad, and the failure is entirely attributable to the season having been so wet. *Scarriffe D.*—The inclemency of the spring and summer was the chief cause of bad crops.

TIPPERARY COUNTY, N. R. *Borrislough D.*—The average produce is less this year than last year in all crops, except hay. The falling-off is caused by the wetness of the summer and constant heavy rains when the crops were ripening. *Newport D.*—Owing to the wet nature of the early season the potato crop is, I believe, not up to the standard of last year. I believe also there was more damage done by the blight than last year, and that owing to the cheap rate at which they were sold last year scarcely so much ground was set with them this year. I believe most of the other crops average with the same, and on the whole have been good. *Newagh D.*—The crops were as a rule very good, with the exception of potatoes. This crop has suffered very much from disease, and the yield has in many cases not been nearly so good as last year. The early part of the season was suited to the grain crops,

and turnips, mangolds, &c., have turned out well. I cannot say what the bad yield of potatoes is to be attributed to. *Enniscorthy D.*—Wheat and barley have not yielded well in consequence of the want of sun in the summer. Potatoes are an average crop, but would have been much better had the summer been drier. The oat crop is above the average in yield, and of a good quality. *Thomastown D.*—The crops this year, with the exception of potatoes and turnips, were up to an average—but in consequence of heavy and continuous rains in June, a large portion of the hay crop was badly wrecked. Had the season been fine the hay crop would have been a really good one. A good deal of the oats and barley crops were very much damaged by the heavy rains in July, and beginning and middle of August. The turnip crop in the Thomastown district, is a very bad one, both as regards quantity and quality. The potato crop had and below an average—the quality of the potatoes, in regard to their flavor and keeping, inferior to last year. I am of opinion this is to be attributed to the inclemency of the summer, as the seed generally planted in the district was the same kind as that sown in 1881, viz.—the Champion. *Florida D.*—The yield of crops this season is generally bad, owing principally to the past very wet weather. Potatoes very bad; oats fair; turnips not as heavy a crop as usual; mangolds fair; not much wheat sown. Hay was a good crop, but badly saved for the reason above stated.

TIPPERARY COUNTY, S. R. *Ballyvaughan D.*—The yield of the various crops in this district is much less this year than last, in consequence of the rainy season. *Cahir D.*—The several crops in this district are only light average crops, and the deficiency can only be accounted for by an unfavorable, inclement season, particularly as regards crops in low and mountainous districts. *Carriek-on-Ober D.*—The probable cause affecting the yield of this year's crops may be attributed to climatic influences. *Castle D.*—Of the several crops, wheat very bad; small yield and bad quality. Barley fair. Oats good, but late and somewhat injured, owing to wet harvest. To the cold, wet spring and bad ripening weather is attributable the bad wheat crop and the generally inferior quality of barley and oats. Hay crop very good, but badly saved, owing to continual wet. Mangolds fair. Turnips bad, the constant moisture causing them to run to leaf, and not bulb properly. Potatoes a bad yield as compared with last year, though, perhaps, otherwise an average crop. The quality, however, inferior, nearly all the commonest kinds being attacked more or less with blight. The Champions and Magnum Bonum withstood the blight, but the tubers are small and generally damp, owing to want of sufficient heat to bring them to maturity. *Dundruss D.*—I consider the bad yield of various crops is owing principally to the wetness of the season. *Clonsilla D.*—The good or bad yield of the various crops may be attributed to the excessive wet of the season. *Tipperary D.*—The crops in this district have yielded a very fair return, there being good growth during the season; but, on account of a large fall of rain, hay is not in general properly saved, and potatoes are of an inferior quality.

WATERFORD COUNTY. *Cappagh D.*—There is a falling-off in the produce of the various crops, owing to the wet season. *Dungarvan D.*—The crops this year are not so good as last year, but the yield is an average one. The crops that suffered most from wet was hay, which is under the average, and oats grown in cold, poor land, which was not ripe until it was injured by the storm. Turnips are also under the average, caused by the wet season. This being a rather mountainous district, the crops are not so good as in other more favored localities. Still I consider that there is a fair average crop of all kinds. *Pettigo D.*—With the exception of potatoes, there has been, in my opinion, a fair average crop. As regards potatoes, the crop has not been so good owing to the wet season.

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ASTHMA COUNTY. *Ardara D.*—In my opinion the probable cause of the good yield this year was the generally favourable weather. *Ballymena D.*—The inferior crop of potatoes is due to the early appearance this season of "blight," caused probably by the dark, damp, close weather in July and August. The moist summer favoured the growth of hay, cereals, and green crops, but insufficiency of manure retarded the sowing of the hay crop and ripening of cereals. *Ballyvaughan D.*—After careful inquiry I find the decrease in the yield of the crops this season is attributed to the wet and cold summer; in the potato crop, especially, it is due to the same already stated: an earlier attack of the potato disease than in former years. *Belfast, North D.*—The only complaints I heard as to the falling off in any crop were principally regarding the potatoes, and the cause assigned was the unfavourable weather in June and July. Oats and hay have proved a good yield, the latter fully one-fourth more than that of last year. The farmers attribute this to the rather favourable weather for this crop which prevailed in the months of April and May. *Belfast, South D.*—I consider the indifferent yield this year is attributable to the cold and wet of the early summer. *Carrikerferry D.*—I find that the general opinion held is that the bad yield in all crops, except hay, is attributable to the wet season. Oats was late in sowing owing to the wet spring, and afterwards suffered considerably from the storms that swept over the country. It is also complained that there was not enough of sun to ripen it. Potatoes were late in planting for a similar reason, and did not grow well in the wet ground, while it is stated that the fallow, or blight, was observable one month earlier than in previous years. The yield of the turnip crop is not so generally complained of, although in some localities it is very poor. Mangel-wurzel was a fair yield, and the flax crop is considered fair. Meadow hay is a good yield for the same reason that the other crops are bad, namely, the wet season. *Glasgow D.*—The bad yield of the potato crop in this district is attributed to the very wet season that has been this year along the coast, which prevented the potatoes coming to perfection. *Lisburn D.*—The cause of the bad yield of various crops in this district can only be attributed to the very wet season taking such effect on low-lying grounds. Where good yield appears in the reverse, it occurs on high, dry, and sandy ground.

ARMAGH COUNTY. *Armagh D.*—The bad yield of the various crops in this district is attributed to unfavourable weather when putting in and taking out the crops. *Enniskillen D.*—I consider the low yield of the various crops in the several electoral divisions in this district was caused by the very wet summer we had, the land in most parts being stiff and low-lying, convenient to Lough Neagh. I may add that the potato crop was nearly a total failure, except the Chacrinza, and these did not arrive at maturity when the people commenced to use them, which now causes them to be dear and scarce. *Newtownkillybeg D.*—The bad yield of the various crops this year is owing to the wet, bad season which has had such a serious influence on this cold, mountainous locality, which is almost destitute of shelter. *Portadown D.*—The crops in this district are about an average, except potatoes, which have suffered severely owing to wet weather. The hay crop is very abundant, and far above the average. *Scrany D.*—Potato crop bad, owing to wet summer.

CAYN COUNTY. *Ballykeshoge D.*—I consider the bad yield of the various crops this year may be attributed to the cold, wet, muggy summer coupled with a bad system of agriculture in this district. *Ballymaguigg D.*—There is scarcely any wheat in this district. There is a very fair yield of oats, but not so large as was anticipated. The expectations of the people with regard to this crop have not been realized. Late sowing and want of ripening weather have militated against it, and there is very considerable disappoint-

ment with reference to oats. Barley, beans, rye, horses, and peas are scarcely ever sown in this district. In a small portion of the district the potatoes are a fair crop, but in the greater portion, the people view them as a half crop, or scarcely a half crop. The late planting owing to the wetness of the spring, and the general wetness of the season combined with want of heat, operated greatly to the disadvantage of this crop. Influenced by last year's results, the people had confidence in the late setting of potatoes, but they have been disappointed, and even in the "Champions" they are losing confidence. The blight, I am informed, set in much earlier this year than last year. Turnips and mangolds are a fair crop, but not so good as last year. Carrots and beets are very little sown in this district. Cabbage is a fair crop, so is rape. Flax is generally a fair crop. There is a large quantity of hay in the country. It was a good crop this year, although a considerable quantity of the early meadows (first crop) was deteriorated by the great fall of rain. *Cross D.*—The bad yield in the crops was caused by the weather being so wet. *Kilbucknab D.*—It appears to be the general feeling among the farmers in this district that the crops have not realized an average this year. There was every prospect of good returns until the storms of wind and rain, which occurred last September. Hay was abundant and good. Of green crops we have hardly any, except oats, which this year has been fairly good, though much injured by rains. Consumption potatoes, much cultivated in this district, are small but fairly good. The crop is hardly up to the average. *Shankill D.*—The less than average yield of crops in this mountainous district was principally caused by the very wet summer. A large amount of damage being done by two storms of almost unprecedented violence.

DESMOND COUNTY. *Ardara D.*—The crops of this district in general have yielded badly this year, in my opinion owing to the dampness of the soil, caused by a wet season, which caused the harvest to be late—so late that it was exposed to the storm of the last night, which tossed and injured the standing crops very much. This damp season is the principal cause of the potato crop being so bad, and the system of agriculture practised in this district is very inferior. *Ballyshannon D.*—The rates of produce of the various crops in this district are this year up to the average. The difference of the yield in the various electoral divisions is due to the nature of the land, some of which is wild mountain and bog. *Bannora D.*—The yield this season was slightly under the average, owing to the wet season. *Cordunough D.*—I consider the indifferent weather for the past few months exercised a very deteriorating influence on most crops. The recent storm did much injury to the hay and corn. The wet season injured the potatoes, which, as a general rule, are a bad crop, being mostly very underdone. *Doughluagh D.*—The cause of the bad yield in the potato crop is attributed to the blight, coming a month earlier than previous years, also the constant rain. The bad yield in the corn crop is owing to the late storm. *Dunlop D.*—There is a great decrease in the potato crop, and the cause of it is attributed to the wetness of the summer. All the other crops were not properly sown, owing to the wetness of the harvest and a recent storm. *Letterberry D.*—The want of warm weather in summer to ripen the crops contributed in a great measure to the shortness of the returns. Farmers who have properly cultivated and sown their crops are not so badly off. It is the poorer classes in mountainous districts who, through excessive indolence, suffer. Most of their crops are at present in stock, and only a few days back I saw them cutting their corn and grass. The potato crop is very bad in many places. *Moyle D.*—I am of opinion that the average yield in the various crops in this district is greatly under that of last year, particularly the potato crop, which is attributable, I believe, to the wet season. *Rapla D.*—The only reason I can assign for

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had yield of crops in the absence of timely and proper cultivation in preparing the soil, insufficient or unsuitable manure, and, when the crop is growing, inattention to weeding. The potato crop this year has suffered very much, in consequence of the constant rains; and while on the whole the crop promised to be a fair one, the two-thirds of it appear to be affected with rot. The oats crop has also suffered much from rain and the lateness of the season; and while the crop promised to be a good one, the yield has been much diminished, owing to the severity of the harvest. The turnip crop has also suffered from the continuous rains. *Bathwick D.*—The potato crop in this district is not at all good, and the great decrease in the yield is attributed to the wet season, and the blight having set in early. The other crops are very fair.

DORSET COUNTY. *Buckley D.*—I believe there was a diminution in the potato crop, owing to the wetness of the season, which caused a great number to rot. Turnips and green crops generally are not up to the average. There was a good show of hay, and the crops promised well; but, owing to want of heat, the roots did not develop. Flax promised a good crop, but got wet during the spreading season, and as a result it is not up to the average quality. There was a good return of oats, but, unfortunately, there was not heat enough to ripen it quickly, and in general this year's oats is of a very poor quality. There is a capital return of hay, and some bright, warm weather came just at the time of saving a good portion of it. The storm of 1st October did a great deal of harm to both hay and oats. *Donington D.*—The hay and grain crops are an average in this district this year. The latter have not been all well saved, owing to the inclement weather, to which cause may be traced the partial failure of the potato crop. In a country with a climate so variable as that of Ireland, failure of the potato crop will keep pace with the weather. The great attention paid by some farmers to proper cleaning, manure, and frequent drainage of soil, will repay them; but, as a rule, there is very little attention paid to these simple but very important matters. *Newmarket D.*—The potato crop was bad this year, owing to the damp weather and the rot. Turnips, wheat, and flax considered a fair average crop. Hay bad, owing to the wet, and the difficulty of saving it. Oats considered a good crop, as the weather was suitable for it. *Redcliffe D.*—The following is the result of inquiries and my own observations regarding the crops in this district:—Oats grow a fair crop, but was seriously damaged by the constant rain and storm. Potatoes are a complete failure, in a great measure owing to the wet season. Chickens were better than any other description of potatoes. Skerry blues were almost of no value. The turnip and mangold-worm crop is inferior in quality and quantity, owing to the wet season. Flax grew a fair crop, but is unproductive, owing to the difficulty experienced saving it, and prices were low. Hay has been light; some of it still remains in the fields.

FERRISBURGH COUNTY. *Derwentdale D.*—Mangold-worm and turnips were this year in my district very indifferent crops—in places almost total failures. Hay was a fairly abundant crop, but much of it has been badly saved. The oat crop was nearly an average one as regards quantity, but in quality is inferior; and the potatoes are less than half a crop. The price of oats is about a fourth less than it was this time last year; and potatoes, which were only 3s. per stone this time last year, are now from 7d. to 8d. per stone. The reason assigned for the partial failure of the crops is the almost continuous rain, the absence of sun, and, particularly as regards oats, the frequent storms. *Stubbins D.*—The crops in this district are mostly under the average, which, I believe, is caused by unfavourable weather. *Wick D.*—The only crop on which I could venture to give any opinion is that of the potato, which has seriously fallen off this year, and is

notoriously very far below even the average, which is attributed to the generally wet and inclement season. *Linslade D.*—The crops in this district have been fair average crops, with the exception of potatoes, which are bad, owing to the continued wet weather. Oats is a fair crop. Flax, of which a large quantity is given in this neighbourhood, is a heavy crop, but deficient in quality altogether, owing to the constant wet weather and absence of heat during the summer months. Hay is a very heavy crop, and on the whole fairly saved. Some of the earlier cutting was much injured by the weather, and on low-lying lands a good deal of mangel was destroyed or permanently injured by the flooding of the lands round Lough Erne, which was unusually high this season. Turnips and mangolds appear to be bad crops, want of heat being the cause. There is a fine crop of cabbage everywhere it was sown. No wheat or barley is sown in this district, except in quantities too small to be of any consequence, whether a good or bad crop.

LOUGHBERRY COUNTY. *Colemore D.*—All the crops in this district were considerably under the average yield, owing principally to the cold wet season. The oat crop suffered greatly by the storm of 1st October, it being almost completely killed in some parts of the district owing to the violence of the storm. *Linslade D.*—As regards the yield of crops in this district I do not think there are any observations to be made, as I believe they were average. The potato crop may not be so abundant as last year, but I think it will prove to be nearly, if not altogether, an average. As regards the saving of the crops, the weather has not been so favourable perhaps as the farmers would have desired. *Loughberry D.*—The yield of the various crops in this district is not good, which is attributed to the wet inclement spring and harvest, together with disease in the potato crop, which set in early. *Maymoy D.*—The bad yield of the flax, oats, wheat, turnips, and mangold crops was due to the rainy season. Potatoes were very bad in this district, owing to the blight having come upon them earlier this season than it usually does. Hay was considered a good crop, owing to the favourable summer weather.

MORRIS COUNTY. *Cherrydown D.*—Although grain crops suffered from the lateness of the season by being caught in the storm that raged in this district on the 1st October, before such crops were removed from the fields; still, on the whole, there are a fair yield. The potato crop is far below the average, and is scarce and dear in this district—the price at present being 8d. per stone. The cause of the bad yield was the wetness of the past summer, and want of heat and sunshine, so necessary for the favourable development of the potato crop. In this district the potato crop, as a whole, is not sufficiently manured, or weeded; and I regret to say that in this flax-growing district, the flax-water—a most valuable liquid manure—is allowed to run completely to waste, or rather to burn, when it might be utilized by being taken up and spilled on the land in harvest. The benefit derived from the small quantity that gets on the fields where flax is sown, is conclusive evidence of the value of this neglected source of profit to the farmer. *Clons D.*—The crops in this district very good, except potatoes and green crops, which are below the average, and the cause attributed for the bad yield is the damp season. *Maymoy D.*—The crops in this district are, I believe, considerably under the average, owing to the wet season.

TYRONE COUNTY. *Asphodel D.*—I beg to say that in general through this district the crops were fairly average except the potato which may be taken as a general failure owing to the continued wet. Flax was a fair crop, and with the exception of what was "spiced" at the time of the great storm, was well saved. The general character, however, of this crop in this neighbourhood is poor owing to overcropping.

Such oats as was standing at the time of the storm suffered greatly, being literally thrashed by the wind. The hay crop was good, but an immense quantity was lost through floods, and being unable to save it when out. Several farmers lost very considerably by the lowlands being flooded. Flint, oats, and potatoes, form the staple crops of this part of the country. Consistently little wheat, beans, &c., are sown. The green crops are average. *Coolstock D.*—The cause of the bad yield in the crops this year, particularly the potato crop, is the continued wet season. *Dunagowan D.*—The potato crop is not a good one this year owing to the wet season. As a proof that this is correct, the potatoes are better in hilly dry land, than in the flat country. A good deal of the corn crop suffered by the storm in lands where the crop was not cut down. The other green crops are

fair. The old seed potatoes (White Rocks, Skirring, &c.), are a total failure. The Champsions are a fair crop. *Owaght D.*—I consider the dryness of the season has caused the bad return of crops. *Montrose-stewart D.*—The cause of the failure in the potato crop (Champsions excepted), was the wet spring, late getting of them in, and the blight coming on before they came to their growth. It has affected the turnip crop in the same way. The wet season—the storm on Sunday, 1st October last, did a great damage to the corn crop, both wheat and in stocks in the fields. There is almost no potato crop in mountain districts, they are so small. *Strathane D.*—The decrease in the produce of the various crops this year is attributable to its being a wet season, generally.

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ULSTER.

PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT.

GALWAY COUNTY. Ashery D.—The returns assigned for the bad yield of the various crops in the several divisions of this district are as follows:—Oats injured by storms before being gathered into the farm-yards. Potatoes injured by early blight, caused by the wet season, and in some cases had seed and late sowing. Hay was the only crop that gave a fair yield; but in some cases the yield was bad, owing to poor and rocky land. The yield of the other crops average that of former seasons. *Ballinacree D.*—As a rule, the yield of the various crops in this district has been good, with the exception of the potato crop, and perhaps hay. The hay crop, too, was good; but in consequence of the constant rain in the early part of the autumn the quality has been deteriorated. With regard to the potato crop, the "Champion" has withstood the blight, and given good yield; but most of the other descriptions of potatoes are a poor crop, having in general succumbed to the blight which followed the constant rain of autumn. *Clifden D.*—The yield of the crops in this district was much the same as usual, except the potato crop, which was not an average yield, on account of the wet weather. *Dunmore D.*—The crops in general are not as good this year as they were last year, owing to very unfavourable weather during the summer and harvest. *Galaxy D.*—The probable cause of the decrease in the yield of the various crops in this district is attributable to the wet bad weather which existed during the summer months, just when the crops made their appearance above ground. Still farmers in this district are pretty well satisfied with this year's crops. *Gort D.*—The bad yield in the potato crop in the several electoral divisions in this district is due to the wet weather. In the other crops there is no change in the yield beyond other years. *Headford D.*—The wheat, oats, and barley crops were good, also the potato and turnip crop. I believe the cause of the improvement in these crops is to be attributed to the industry of the people and a favourable season. The hay crop has suffered a loss in the saving from the heavy rain that came at that time. *Lettistock D.*—The yield of the various crops has been fair in this district, and there does not appear to be any observations of interest to be made in this case. *Loughrea East D.*—The deficiency in the potato crop is attributed to the wetness of the seasons and the early setting in of the blight. The wet retarded the early planting in spring, and prevented the sunshine and heat, so necessary for the growth, in the months of June and July. There was a very good return of corn and hay; but much damage was done to these crops by the storm of the 1st October. *Loughrea West D.*—Very little tillage of any kind is carried on in this county, owing to the prevalence of grass farms. Potatoes are cultivated pretty generally, and this year the produce of that crop is scarcely up to previous years. This is accounted for by an unfavourable spring, which delayed the planting of the crop, and by the early appearance of the blight.

Hay and oats are fairly abundant; but the violent wind which set in on 1st October did a vast amount of damage to these crops. *Moylaght D.*—The bad yield of the various crops in this district this year is attributable to the unpropitiousness of the weather at seed time and harvest. The late storm did a great deal of damage to the oat crop, a large proportion of which had not been gathered in at the time—some being mown and more in stocks in the fields. The stocks were blown about, thus shedding the grain; while, as regards the unmown portion of the crop, little was left but straw. Were it not for this, oats would have yielded fairly this year. Hay suffered severely also by the storm. Many persons lost large quantities, while the quality of what remained and was gathered in was much damaged by exposure to rain. *Oughterard D.*—This is not a good district for agricultural purposes. The crops sown this year are very fair, and, whilst the potato crop is not as good as last year, yet it is very good. Very little turnips have been sown. The hay crop is good. Turf is not good generally; a quantity of it remains out on the bogs, owing to the wet weather. *Portlanna D.*—All the crops in this district in the early season promised to be more than an average, especially oats, hay, and potatoes. The latter end of the season proved very unfavourable for the ripening and saving of crops, and the great rains and storms we have recently experienced have reduced these crops, I should say, below an average, and has very much deteriorated them in quality as well as quantity. The same may be said of all grain crops, and even of green crops, which appear to be of a very inferior quality in most cases. This is attributable, I should say, to the incessant cold rains we experienced lately. *Roundstone D.*—The yield of the various crops in this district has been pretty much the same as last year, with the exception of the potato crop, which has not been so good as last year, owing principally to the wet season, and the crop having been sown in low lands generally. *Pauis D.*—The low average yield of the various crops is, in my opinion, attributable to a want of manure, which appears to be very scarce, and to the fact that the land is cropped year after year without being allowed to lie fallow. *Woodford D.*—There is a decrease in all crops this year, owing to wet season, and to the effect of the recent storm on the grain crop.

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LEITRIM COUNTY. Ballinacree D.—There is a general deficiency in all crops throughout this district for present year, owing to the cold and wet season. *Corrib-na-Shannon D.*—The various crops in this district are not so good in yield as they were last year, owing to the wet season. Oats promised to be a good crop, but owing to the harvest being so wet, the yield was not so good—nor the quality of the grain—as in past years. Turnips, in dry upland, was a fair crop. Very little wheat sown in this district, except a small

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planted by some farmers. *Drumhwaite D.*—There was a fair average yield of all crops this year in this district, except potatoes, which were bad, owing to the very wet season. *Mauriceville D.*—There has been a large decrease in the yield of potatoes, in consequence of the very wet season. Hay is a plentiful crop, but oats are very inferior. *Malott D.*—I am informed, that the potato crop is not at all what it was last year, and this is owing to this season being wet, and also to frost in the early part of the season. The oats too were injured by the frost, which prevailed during this season. The fact is, nearly every description of crop was injured by the dampness of the weather and the frost.

Mayo County. Reddingford D.—The yield in the potato crop in this district is very disappointing to farmers. Quality bad, and quantity not near equal to '81. The cause of this is attributed to the bad and very wet season, and the planting in same soil as last year of same crop. Also, there exists a belief amongst farmers that the using of artificial manure (guano, &c.) has also operated to this end. The oat crop, which is almost the only grain crop sown in this locality, has done very well, the average produce being almost as good as last year; but the quality is not quite so good which is attributed to the wet season. *Belleville D.*—The decrease in the various crops this year is attributable to the wet season, the early attack of the blight on the potato crop, and the severe storm of the 1st ult. *Belleville D.*—The probable cause of the bad yield of the potato and grain crop in this district is the wetness of the season, particularly the early part of it. *Belleville D.*—The only cause assigned for the poor yield in the various crops, especially oats, is the wetness of the season, rain having a particularly injurious effect on the lumpy land of this part of the country. *Castleton D.*—The yield of the several crops in this district cannot be regarded as good compared with some years, which may be attributed to the unfavourable season. The return of all crops is below the average. The soil of this district is very poor, with the exception of a good spot here and there. *Clarendon D.*—The potato crop is almost a failure in this district. The wet summer and harvest is supposed to be the cause, and the blight set in very early. The oats crop is fair, but a good deal of damage was done by heavy rains and high wind before being secured in the barns. The hay crop was also fair, but badly saved, on account of the bad weather at the time of mowing it. *Carleton Place D.*—The yield of the various crops in this district has not been good this year, and the cause may be attributed to the wet weather, particularly the latter part of the season. *Frederick D.*—The only crops in my district are hay, oats, and potatoes. Hay is under the average of former years, caused by the very wet and stormy season. Oats was lodged by rain and storms at the time it was commencing to ripen, and hence the produce is not good. The potatoes are not at all as prolific as last year, which I attribute to the wet spring season; consequently the seed was sown too late. I saw potatoes

planted the last week of May. *Swinton D.*—I have to report that the oat crop was good, but owing to the stems a great deal of the corn was lost. The potato crop is, I fear, very much injured, and in a great many places altogether lost, owing to the bad weather, (rain, frost, and wind). *Westport D.*—The crops generally have not been so good as they were last year, owing to the amount of rain there has been. The potatoes were not nearly so good a crop. The great storm which visited this part of the country on October 1st, before the harvest was gathered in, did a vast amount of mischief, smothering the corn and knocking out the grain. Crops which had not been cut were nearly destroyed.

Renfrew County. Ashboro D.—The bad yield of the various crops in this district is mainly attributable to the inclement and inclement state of the weather, especially in the latter end of the season. The land in this locality being, as a rule, of a cold, damp nature, the rain and storm almost destroyed, in some places, the whole of the potato crop, and did much damage to all the other crops. *Bay D.*—I consider the various crops in this district are fairly good. *Castleton D.*—The bad yield of the various crops throughout this district is chiefly attributed to the inclement weather during the past summer. *Renfrew County D.*—The favourable weather caused a good crop of hay in this district, and the same of oats. *Swinton D.*—The bad yield in the potato crop is attributed to the early blight, and frost in June. The wet season, and the great storm in September seriously affected the grain crop.

Simcoe County. Reddingford D.—The cause of the bad yield in the potato crop was owing to the blight; disease making its appearance very early in the season, and the corn suffered very much by the high wind on the 1st October, 1882, and the seasons were very much injured in low lying lands by the wet summer. *Bay D.*—The potato crop is considered very bad in this district, and will scarcely last until Christmas. This deficiency is attributable to the amount of wet weather throughout the year. The grain crops were very good, but the stems on 1st October, and the heavy rain on the day following, did a good deal of damage. Several fields of ripe wheat corn were rendered valueless, as the corn were blown off. Hay was rather damp previous to the storm, but has now increased much in price. *Renfrew County D.*—The crops in this district had a fair yield except potatoes, which are not so plentiful as they were in the year past. This has, I believe, been caused by constant wet weather. The corn crops were not quite so good as they might have been for the same reason. *Slips D.*—The very bad produce in the potato crop is to be attributed to the wet summer, and the oat crop to almost the same. This latter crop, however, was not near so bad as the former. All the other crops in this neighbourhood are pretty fair. *Tobacco D.*—The diminished rate of produce of the several crops in this district, more especially that of the potato, is owing to a wet and ungenial season.